# NOTICES OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING

Unless exempted by A.R.S. § 41-1005, each agency shall begin the rulemaking process by first submitting to the Secretary of State's Office a Notice of Rulemaking Docket Opening followed by a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking that contains the preamble and the full text of the rules. The Secretary of State's Office publishes each Notice in the next available issue of the *Register* according to the schedule of deadlines for *Register* publication. Under the Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. § 41-1001 et seq.), an agency must allow at least 30 days to elapse after the publication of the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in the *Register* before beginning any proceedings for making, amending, or repealing any rule. (A.R.S. §§ 41-1013 and 41-1022)

## NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING

# TITLE 18. ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

#### CHAPTER 15. WATER INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE AUTHORITY OF ARIZONA

Editor's Note: The following Notice of Proposed Rulemaking was reviewed per Laws 2009, 3rd Special Session, Ch. 7, § 28. (See the text of § 28 on page 818.) The Governor's Office authorized the notice to proceed through the rulemaking process on December 1, 2009.

[R10-49]

#### **PREAMBLE**

<u>1.</u>	<b>Sections Affected</b>	Rulemaking Action
	Article 1	Amend
	R18-15-101	Amend
	R18-15-102	Renumber
	R18-15-102	New Section
	R18-15-103	Repeal
	R18-15-103	Renumber
	R18-15-103	Amend
	R18-15-104	Amend
	R18-15-105	Repeal
	R18-15-105	New Section
	R18-15-106	Repeal
	R18-15-106	Renumber
	R18-15-106	Amend
	R18-15-107	Renumber
	R18-15-107	Amend
	R18-15-108	Repeal
	R18-15-109	Repeal
	R18-15-110	Repeal
	R18-15-111	Repeal
	R18-15-112	Renumber
	R18-15-201	Amend
	R18-15-202	Repeal
	R18-15-202	Renumber
	R18-15-202	Amend
	R18-15-203	Renumber
	R18-15-203	New Section
	R18-15-204	Amend
	R18-15-205	Amend
	R18-15-206	Amend
	R18-15-207	Amend
	R18-15-208	Amend
	R18-15-301	Amend
	R18-15-302	Repeal
	R18-15-302	Renumber
	R18-15-302	Amend
	R18-15-303	Renumber
	R18-15-303	New Section

D10 15 204	A 1
R18-15-304	Amend
R18-15-305	Amend
R18-15-306	Amend
R18-15-307	Amend
R18-15-308	Amend
Article 4	Amend
R18-15-401	Amend
R18-15-402	Repeal
R18-15-402	New Section
R18-15-403	New Section
R18-15-404	New Section
R18-15-405	New Section
R18-15-406	New Section
R18-15-407	New Section
R18-15-408	New Section
R18-15-501	Renumber
R18-15-501	New Section
R18-15-502	Repeal
R18-15-502	Renumber
R18-15-502	Amend
R18-15-503	Amend
R18-15-504	Amend
R18-15-505	Amend
R18-15-506	Repeal
R18-15-507	Repeal
R18-15-508	Repeal
R18-15-509	Repeal
R18-15-510	Repeal
R18-15-511	Repeal
Article 6	Amend
R18-15-601	Repeal
R18-15-601	New Section
R18-15-602	Amend
R18-15-603	Amend
R18-15-701	Amend

# 2. The statutory authority for the rulemaking, including both the authorizing statute (general) and the statutes the rules are implementing (specific):

Authorizing Statutes: A.R.S. §§ 49-1203 and 49-1274

Implementing Statutes: A.R.S. §§ 9-571, 49-1202, 49-1203, 49-1222, 49-1224, 49-1242, 49-1244, 49-1267, 49-1268 and 49-1269, and A.R.S. Title 49, Chapter 8, Article 3

### 3. A list of all previous notices appearing in the Register addressing the proposed rule:

Notice of Rulemaking Docket Opening: 16 A.A.R.408, March 5, 2010

# 4. The name and address of agency personnel with whom persons may communicate regarding the rulemaking:

Name: Sandy Sutton, Chief Financial Officer

Address: Water Infrastructure Finance Authority

1110 W. Washington St., Suite 290

Phoenix, AZ 85007

Telephone: (602) 364-1310
Fax: (602) 364-1327
E-mail: ssutton@azwifa.gov

# 5. An explanation of the rule, including the agency's reasons for initiating the rulemaking:

# A. Reasons for Initiating the Rulemaking

The Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona (WIFA) is initiating this rulemaking to satisfy commitments stated in WIFA's October 2007 five-year-review report and to reflect the current governing statutes. The five-year-review identified numerous necessary clarifications, as well as Articles and Sections requiring amendment or addition to conform to recent statutory changes.

In its 2002 session, the Legislature amended A.R.S. § 49-1203(B)(16) to establish that counties with less than 500,000 persons are eligible to receive grants, staff assistance or technical assistance in the form of a loan repayment

agreement or other professional assistance. This rulemaking addresses the amended statute in R18-15-501. In 2005 the Legislature authorized WIFA to enter into short-term emergency loan agreements with political subdivisions or Indian tribes (A.R.S. § 49-1269). This statutory change is addressed in R18-15-102(B)(5), R18-15-206(C) and R18-15-306(C). In its 2006 session, the Legislature amended A.R.S. § 9-571(C) to establish that political subdivisions with a population of 50,000 persons or less may pledge revenues for repayment of financial assistance without an election. This rulemaking includes a provision for these political subdivisions in R18-15-104(B)(2). In its 2007 session, the Legislature established the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund to be administered by WIFA in A.R.S. § 49-1271, and in its 2009 session, the Legislature amended A.R.S. §§ 49-1202(B)(8) and (9) to change the requirements for two of the members of the Water Supply Development Committee. This rulemaking establishes how the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund will be administered in Articles 1 and 4.

In addition to adding new provisions of law, this rule restructures the content of the current rule by adding, amending and repealing Sections. Redundancy between each Article of the current rule was removed providing a more direct presentation of the required actions and process of applying for, evaluating and receiving financial or technical assistance from WIFA. Other edits were made to create a more logical and comprehensive structure. Common requirements for financial and technical assistance through each of the revolving funds are specified in Article 1, with the content unique to the Clean Water Revolving Fund, Drinking Water Revolving Fund and Water Supply Development Revolving Fund specified in Articles 2, 3 and 4, respectively and the content specific to technical assistance in Article 5.

# B. Article-by-Article Explanation of the Rule

#### ARTICLE 1

Article 1 is restructured to describe the common elements of financial and technical assistance available from WIFA in a single location. The title of Article 1 was changed to "General Provisions" to reflect the nature of this restructure. This Article focuses on the processes and requirements that are common between the Clean Water Revolving Fund, Drinking Water Revolving Fund and Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Programs. Where the processes and requirements of technical assistance are the same as financial assistance, they are also specified in this Article. This rulemaking removes redundancy in the current rule and provides a clearer understanding of WIFA's operations. Several Sections of Article 1 were repealed because they were moved or consolidated into other Sections, were redundant with statute or are more appropriate as agency policy.

The definitions that apply to all of Chapter 15 are located in R18-15-101. This Section is revised by amending or adding those definitions necessary to interpret the requirements of this rule and by eliminating definitions that are no longer necessary or applicable to this rule.

This rulemaking amends the following definitions: "applicant," "application," "Board," "Certified Water Quality Management Plan," "dedicated revenue source for repayment," "disbursement," "drinking water facility," "EPA," "Executive Director," "financial assistance," "financial assistance agreement," "governmental unit," "Intended Use Plan," "Master Priority List," "project," "recipient" and "service area."

The following are new terms used within the rulemaking which have been added to this Section: "Committee," "discharge," "Fundable Range," "grant applicant," "grant application," "impaired water," "onsite system," "Planning and Design Assistance Grant Agreement," "priority value," "technical assistance," "water provider," "water supply development" and "Water Supply Development Revolving Fund."

The current term and definition of "MBE, WBE, SBRA report" have been renamed to "DBE" and amended to reflect the renaming of EPA's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program, effective May 2008 (40 CFR 33).

The term "Priority List" was renamed to "Project Priority List" and amended.

Three terms have been renamed to reflect statutory language in A.R.S. § 49-1203. The current definition of "operational technical assistance" has been renamed to "staff assistance." The current definition of "policy technical assistance" has been renamed to "professional assistance." The current definition of "project technical assistance" has been renamed to "Planning and Design Assistance Grant." These three definitions have also been amended to include water supply development as established in A.R.S. Title 49, Chapter 8, Article 3.

The following terms are no longer applicable and have been eliminated from this rule: "Approval to Construct," "construction," "Designated Water Quality Management Planning Agency," "Equivalency Project," "First Use Project," "infiltration," "Nonpoint Source Management Program," "preconstruction," "replacement," "regulatory authority," "service area," "state match," "Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan," "treatment works" and "user charge."

R18-15-102 in the current rule was renumbered to become R18-15-103, and minor clarifying changes were made. This new Section eliminates the redundancy of the current rule by listing the types of assistance available in a single location in Article 1 instead of three separate locations (currently R18-15-201, R18-15-301 and R18-15-401). The application requirements included in the current rule at R18-15-103, R18-15-104, R18-15-105 and R18-15-106 were consolidated in R18-15-104. This amended Section establishes the common requirements an applicant must include with a financial assistance application for each of the revolving funds. The Board's actions regarding applications to

the Clean Water and Drinking Water revolving fund programs have been moved to R18-15-207 and R18-15-307 respectively. The minimum number of years for which the applicant must provide their financial statements, audit or comprehensive financial statements and budget was amended from five to three in R18-15-104(C). R18-15-105 was amended to include the general conditions of the financial assistance agreement and requirements regarding disbursements and repayments specified in the current rule at R18-15-110 and R18-15-111.

WIFA's environmental review process is described in R18-15-106 which was renumbered and amended from R18-15-107. WIFA conducts reviews of the potential environmental impacts of construction and design Clean Water and Drinking Water projects through a National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)-like state environmental review process. Federal regulations at 40 CFR 6 regarding procedures for implementing NEPA were amended on September 19, 2007 and were further amended on February 4, 2009. These federal regulations amended NEPA procedures by: consolidating and standardizing the procedural provisions and requirements of the environmental review process; clarifying the general procedures; consolidating the categories of actions subject to categorical exclusion, and amending existing and adding new categorical exclusions; identifying extraordinary circumstances instead of reasons to deny an exclusion; and consolidating and amending the listing of actions that generally require an environmental impact statement. This rulemaking updates the rule to be consistent with these federal regulations. In addition to these amendments, the rulemaking corrects the term "categorical exemptions" to "categorical exclusions" and revises the acronym FNSI to FONSI.

R18-15-107 was renumbered from R18-15-112 and amended to clarify the dispute process. This Section excludes the Planning and Design Assistance Grants from the process, as WIFA is required to award grants in accordance with the competitive grant solicitation requirements of the state grant code (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 24, Article 1). The state grant code includes a separate "remedies" process (A.R.S. § 49-2704) which is referenced in the new rule at R18-15-503(H), R18-15-504(H) and R18-15-505(H).

### ARTICLES 2 AND 3

Articles 2 and 3 include the content unique to the Clean Water Revolving Fund Program and the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Program, respectively. These Articles have been restructured to remove the redundancy in the current rule. Many of the revisions to these Articles are common to both and are described here together.

Sections R18-15-201 and R18-15-301 of the current rule describe types of financial assistance available. Because these are common to both the Clean Water and Drinking Water Revolving Funds, the information has been moved to Section R18-15-102. The purposes for uses of monies listed in the current rule are specified in statute (A.R.S. §§ 49-1223 and 49-1243); therefore, the information was replaced with the statute citations in the new Sections R18-15-201 and R18-15-301. Financial assistance eligibility criteria were moved from R18-15-202 of the current rule to R18-15-201 and from R18-15-302 of the current rule to R18-15-301. R18-15-201, R18-15-202(A), R18-15-301 and R18-15-302(A) of the current rule are incorporated into the new Sections R18-15-201 and R18-15-301 respectively. The eligibility criteria of the current rule R18-15-202(B) and R18-15-302(B) were moved to new Sections R18-15-206 and R18-15-306 respectively.

Sections R18-15-202 and R18-15-302 were renumbered from R18-15-203 and R18-15-303 and amended to clarify the requirements and processes of the Intended Use Plans. The major difference between the current and new Sections is clarification of the public comment period for the Intended Use Plans. The current rules require the Authority to hold public meetings to receive comments on the Intended Use Plans after public comment periods for the Project Priority Lists [R18-15-204(E) and (F) and R18-15-304(E) and (F)]. However, the Authority is only required by law to publicly notice Intended Use Plans which include the Project Priority Lists. Therefore, the rules were amended to only include the public notice requirements for Intended Use Plans.

The rules regarding the Project Priority Lists were moved from R18-15-204 and R18-15-304 to the new Sections R18-15-203 and R18-15-303. These Sections were amended to modify the items to be included on the Project Priority Lists. Additionally, Sections R18-15-203(B) and R18-15-303(B) establish that the criteria for ranking and the relative importance of each criterion will be included with the Project Priority List application form. Since WIFA creates the Intended Use Plans and associated Project Priority Lists annually, the specific ranking criteria will not be modified during the annual funding cycle and all Project Priority List applications during a funding cycle will be evaluated on the same criteria.

Sections R18-15-205 and R18-15-305 of the current rule were renumbered to R18-15-204 and R18-15-304 respectively. These Sections establish the categories by which WIFA shall determine the priority value of each project on the Project Priority List and that WIFA shall use the priority value to rank each project. The major difference between the current rule and new rule is the replacement of the detailed ranking criteria from the current rule R18-15-205 and R18-15-305 with six broad ranking categories. These six ranking categories are similar to those in current rule, with the exception of the Conservation Index in the Clean Water Revolving Fund being replaced with a water and energy efficiency and environmentally innovative category [R18-15-204(A)(3)], and the addition of a water and energy efficiency and environmentally innovative category to the Drinking Water Revolving Fund [R18-15-304(A)(3)]. The detailed ranking criteria are more appropriate as agency policy, and elimination of the detailed ranking criteria in rule provides WIFA with the flexibility to modify the criteria based on changing state and federal priorities. The procedures for ranking projects with tied scores were amended in R18-15-204(B) and R18-15-304(B).

## Arizona Administrative Register / Secretary of State

# **Notices of Proposed Rulemaking**

The new Sections R18-15-205 and R18-15-305 consolidate and amend the current Sections R18-15-206 and R18-15-207, and R18-15-306 and R18-15-307 respectively. The new rule removes redundancy regarding the Fundable Range and modifies how projects within the Fundable Range are identified on the Project Priority List. These Sections specify the evidence by which WIFA will determine when a project is within the Fundable Range. This rulemaking specifies that the Project Priority List will identify which projects are within the Fundable Range thereby eliminating the creation of a separate Fundable Range Priority List as is currently required. The new rules also eliminate separate Fundable Ranges for Design Financial Assistance (current rule R18-15-206 and R18-15-306) and Construction Financial Assistance (current rule R18-15-207 and R18-15-307).

The new Sections R18-15-206 and R18-15-306 specify when WIFA shall accept an application for financial assistance and the requirements the applicant shall meet prior to WIFA providing an application to the Board for consideration. This Section includes portions of the current rule, R18-15-202(B) and R18-15-302(B), specifying that the applicant must meet the legal, financial, technical and managerial capability requirements and be on the Project Priority List. The new rule provides that short-term emergency loans pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-1269 are excluded from the requirements.

New Sections R18-15-207 and R18-15-307 specify the information WIFA shall provide in its analysis of a project's application as provided for the Board's consideration. These Sections also specify the actions the Board may take on an application and the actions to be taken if funds are limited or not available to provide financial assistance. These new Sections consolidate the list of the items the Board shall consider in a financial assistance application and the authority of the Board to modify the financial assistance based on the applicant's capability from four separate Sections of the current rule (R18-15-103, R18-15-104, R18-15-105 and R18-15-106) to one Section in each of Article 2 and Article 3 in the new rule. This rearrangement of the rule also properly separates the requirements of the Board from the requirements of the applicant.

Sections R18-15-208 and R18-15-308 were amended to specify certification requirements of the applicant. This rule-making eliminates the current rules R18-15-208(A), R18-15-208(B), R18-15-208(C), R18-15-308(A) and R18-15-308(B), as the financial assistance agreements instead specify these requirements. R18-15-208(A) and R18-15-308 were amended to include construction work in the certification requirements.

#### ARTICI F 4

Article 4 of the current rule was repealed and replaced with new Sections. Article 4 of the current rule describes "Other Financial Assistance" which includes WIFA's issuance of Water Quality Bonds on behalf of eligible applicants. The current Sections R18-15-401(B) and R18-15-402(A) do not provide any further clarification than the statutes A.R.S. §§ 49-1261(A) and 49-1262(A), therefore, these Sections were repealed from the new rule. The types of financial assistance available and eligibility requirements were moved from Sections R18-15-401(A) and R18-15-402(B) to R18-15-102 and R18-15-104 respectively.

New Sections of rules regarding the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund are in Article 4. The Fund was established at A.R.S. § 49-1271, and its Committee was established at A.R.S. § 49-1202(B). Article 4 in the new rule prescribes the procedure to apply for and approve assistance, establishes criteria by which Water Supply Development Revolving Fund assistance will be awarded as per A.R.S. § 49-1274, and determines the order and priority of projects. The structure of the Article 4 follows the structure of the Drinking Water Revolving Fund in Article 3 and describes the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Committee requirements and actions in parallel to the Board's requirements and actions for the Drinking Water Revolving Fund.

## ARTICLE 5

Article 5 is restructured to provide a clearer understanding of the technical assistance available and the required actions and process for applying for, evaluating and receiving Planning and Design Assistance grants. The major difference between the current and new rule is that Planning and Design Assistance grants (currently called technical assistance grants) will be solicited and awarded per the state grant code (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 24, Article 1). This statute requires that state governmental units award grants in accordance with its competitive grant solicitation requirements. This eliminates the technical assistance Priority Lists and Fundable Ranges, thereby repealing Sections R18-15-506 through R18-15-511 from the current rule.

The new Section R18-15-501 establishes the types of technical assistance WIFA provides. R18-15-502 was renumbered from the current R18-15-501 and amended to reflect the purpose of the Intended Use Plan for each type of technical assistance and the process for approval of the Intended Use Plan. The major difference between the current rule and new rule is the elimination of the specific information to be included in the Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan, as these requirements are no longer applicable under the state grant code.

The new Sections R18-15-503 and R18-15-504 establish that WIFA will solicit and award Clean Water and Drinking Water Planning and Design Assistance Grants per the state grant code. Portions of the eligibility requirements specified in current rule R18-15-502 are incorporated in these new Sections. However, most of the eligibility requirements have been eliminated since they will be addressed in the Request for Grant Applications as required by the state grant code.

The detailed ranking criteria in the current rule R18-15-505 were eliminated and will be specified in each Request for Grant Applications as required by the state grant code. With the detailed ranking criteria included in each Request for Grant Applications, all grant applicants per grant cycle will be evaluated on the same criteria and will have proper notice of the criteria. Elimination of the detailed ranking criteria in rule provides WIFA with the flexibility to modify the criteria based on changing state and federal priorities.

The new Section R18-15-505 establishes that WIFA will solicit and award the recently authorized Water Supply Development Planning and Design Assistance Grants per the state grant code, A.R.S. § 41-2702. The organization of the new Section follows the same format as R18-15-503 and R18-15-504.

#### ARTICLE 6

Initial funding for the Hardship Grant Fund was provided as a one-time grant by EPA, and these grant funds have been allocated or committed to projects. WIFA does not anticipate receiving additional funds for the Hardship Grant Fund; however, as a precautionary measure, this Article remains in the new rulemaking to preserve WIFA's authority if additional future funds are received for the Hardship Grant Fund Program. The Article is restructured to provide a more direct presentation of the required actions and process of applying for, evaluation of and receiving financial or technical assistance from the Hardship Grant Fund.

#### ARTICLE 7

The amendments to this Article consist of rule citations and minor editorial changes.

6. A reference to any study relevant to the rule that the agency reviewed and either proposes to rely on or not to rely on in its evaluation of or justification for the rule, where the public may obtain or review each study, all data underlying each study, and any analysis of each study and other supporting material:

None

7. A showing of good cause why the rule is necessary to promote a statewide interest if the rule will diminish a previous grant of authority of a political subdivision of this state:

Not applicable

The preliminary summary of the economic, small business and consumer impact:

## A. Proposed rulemaking

The Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona (WIFA) is a public financing agency; it does not regulate any consumer or business. WIFA's purpose is to provide financial and technical assistance to political subdivisions and Indian tribes for their wastewater and drinking water infrastructure projects. WIFA is a self-supporting agency and pays administrative costs from income received from loan repayments and interest or from a maximum of four percent of each of the Clean Water and Drinking Water federal capitalization grants as authorized by law.

## B. Information contained in this report

WIFA believes that the proposed rule will result in minimal costs to the Authority and other state agencies, including the Arizona Corporation Commission, Arizona Department of Environmental Quality and Arizona Department of Water Resources. The proposed rule has a beneficial impact and is expected to have no cost or minimal cost impact to the regulated industries, including wastewater treatment facilities, drinking water facilities, and water provider; and small businesses and small communities. WIFA provides significant savings to the wastewater and drinking water facilities through below-market interest rates, reduced transaction costs, and reduced administrative costs. Without the financial and technical assistance available through WIFA, many wastewater and drinking water facilities would otherwise find it difficult, if not impossible, to obtain funding to achieve compliance or correct problems associated with water quality standards. Customers of the wastewater facility, drinking water facility, or water provider receive the ultimate benefit from improved water quality and having an adequate water supply. Furthermore, the proposed rule amendments will not have an impact on state revenues.

# C. Name and address of agency employees who can submit additional data on the information included in this statement

Sandy Sutton, Chief Financial Officer Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona 1110 W. Washington St., Suite 290 Phoenix, AZ 85007

(602) 364-1314

9. The name and address of agency personnel with whom persons may communicate regarding the accuracy of the economic, small business, and consumer impact statement:

Name: Sandy Sutton, Chief Financial Officer

Address: Water Infrastructure Finance Authority
1110 W. Washington St., Suite 290

Phoenix, AZ 85007

Telephone: (602) 364-1310
Fax: (602) 364-1327
E-mail: ssutton@azwifa.gov

# 10. The time, place, and nature of the proceedings for the making, amendment, or repeal of the rule, or if no proceeding is scheduled, where, when and how persons may request an oral proceeding on the proposed rule:

Date: Thursday, June 17, 2010

Time: 1:00 p.m.

Location: 1110 W. Washington St., Suite 145

Phoenix, AZ 85007

Nature: The Authority will hold an open meeting to hear opinions and suggestions, and to adopt,

amend or repeal the rule. In addition, written comments on the proposed rulemaking will be accepted at the office of the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority, 1110 W. Washington St., Suite 290, Phoenix, AZ 85007 between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Monday through

Friday through June 18, 2010.

# 11. Any other matters prescribed by statute that are applicable to the specific agency or to any specific rule or class of rules:

None

## 12. Incorporations by reference and their locations in the rules:

None

### 13. The full text of the rules follows:

### TITLE 18. ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

## CHAPTER 15. WATER INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE AUTHORITY OF ARIZONA

## ARTICLE 1. MANAGEMENT GENERAL PROVISIONS

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R18-15-101. Definitions

R18-15-102. Types of Assistance Available

R18-15-103. Legal Capability

R18-15-102.R18-15-103. Application Process

R18-15-104. General Financial Capability Assistance Application Requirements

R18-15-105. Technical Capability General Financial Assistance Conditions

R18-15-106. Managerial and Institutional Capability

R18-15-107.R15-15-106. Environmental Review

R18-15-112.R18-15-107. Disputes

R18-15-108. Interest Rate Determinations Repealed
R18-15-109. Bid Document Review Repealed

R18-15-110. Disbursements and Repayments Repealed

R18-15-111. Administration Repealed

R18-15-112. Renumbered

### ARTICLE 2. CLEAN WATER REVOLVING FUND

# Section

R18-15-201. Types of Clean Water Revolving Fund Financial Assistance Available Eligibility Criteria

R18 15 202. Eligibility Requirements for Financial Assistance

R18-15-203. R18-15-202. Clean Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan

R18-15-203. Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List

R18-15-204. Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List Ranking

R18-15-205. Ranking Criteria for the Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List Fundable Range for Financial Assistance

R18-15-206. Fundable Range for Clean Water Revolving Fund Design Application for Financial Assistance

R18-15-207. Fundable Range for Clean Water Revolving Fund Construction Application Review for Financial Assistance

R18-15-208.	Clean	Water	Revolving	Fund	Requireme	ents
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## ARTICLE 3. DRINKING WATER REVOLVING FUND

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Section					
R18-15-301.	Types of Drinking Water Revolving Fund Financial Assistance Available Eligibility Criteria				
R18-15-302.	Eligibility Requirements for Financial Assistance				
R18-15-303.R	18-15-302. Drinking Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan				
R18-15-303.	Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List				
R18-15-304.	Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List Ranking				
R18-15-305.	Ranking Criteria for the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Priority List Fundable Range for Financial Assis-				
	tance				
R18-15-306.	Fundable Range for Drinking Water Revolving Fund Design Application for Financial Assistance				
R18-15-307.	Fundable Range for Drinking Water Revolving Fund Construction Application Review for Financial Assis-				
	tance				
R18-15-308.	Drinking Water Revolving Fund Requirements				
ARTICLI	E 4. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE WATER SUPPLY DEVELOPMENT REVOLVING FUND				
	E 4. OTHER THVANCIAE ASSISTANCE WATER SOTTET DEVELOTMENT REVOLVING FUND				
Section					
R18-15-401.	Types of Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Financial Assistance Available Eligibility Criteria				
R18-15-402.	Eligibility Requirements for Financial Assistance Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Intended Use				
	<u>Plan</u>				
R18-15-403.	Repealed Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List				
R18-15-404.	Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List Ranking				
R18-15-405.	Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Fundable Range for Financial Assistance				
R18-15-406.	Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Application for Financial Assistance				
R18-15-407.	Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Application Review for Financial Assistance				
<u>R18-15-408.</u>	Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Requirements				
	ARTICLE 5. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE				
Section					
R18-15-501.	Technical Assistance				
R18-15-502.	Eligibility Requirements for Project Technical Assistance				
R18-15-501.R	18-15-502. Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan				
R18-15-503.	Types of Project Technical Clean Water Planning and Design Assistance Available Grants				
R18-15-504.	Clean Drinking Water Project Technical Planning and Design Assistance Priority List Grants				
R18-15-505.	Ranking Criteria for Clean Water Supply Development Planning and Design Project Technical Assistance Pri-				
	ority List Grants				
R18-15-506.	Fundable Range for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Grants Repealed				
R18-15-507.	Fundable Range for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Loans Repealed				
R18-15-508.	Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List Repealed				
R18-15-509.	Ranking Criteria for Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List Repealed				
R18-15-510.	Fundable Range for Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Grants Repealed				
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# R18-15-602. Eligibility Requirements for Hardship Grant Fund Financial Assistance

R18-15-603. Hardship Grant Financial Fund Technical Assistance Awards

ARTICLE 7. INTEREST RATE SETTING AND FORGIVABLE PRINCIPAL

## Section

R18-15-701. Interest Rate Setting and Forgivable Principal

# ARTICLE 1. MANAGEMENT GENERAL PROVISIONS

### **R18-15-101.** Definitions

In addition to the definitions prescribed in A.R.S. §§ 49-101, 49-201, and § 49-1201, the terms of this Chapter, unless otherwise specified, have the following meanings:

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- "Applicant" means a governmental unit, a non-point source project sponsor, or a drinking water facility or a water provider that is seeking financial assistance from the Authority under the provisions of this Chapter.
- "Application" means a request for financial assistance submitted to the Board or Committee, by an applicant.
- "Approval to Construct" means the written approval issued by the Department or the Department's designee to an applicant or recipient indicating that project construction may begin.
- "Authority" means the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-1201.
- "Board" means the board of directors Board of Directors of the Authority pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-1201.
- "Certified Water Quality Management Plan" means a plan prepared by <u>a single representative organization designated by the Governor the designated Water Quality Management Planning Agency, pursuant to § according to Section 208 of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1288.</u>
- "Clean Water Revolving Fund" means the fund established by A.R.S. § 49-1221.
- "Committee" means the Water Supply Development Fund Committee as prescribed in A.R.S. § 49-1201.
- "Construction" means, for a project, any placement, assembly, or installation of a building, structure, equipment, treatment process, collection lines, distribution lines, pumps, or related drinking water or water pollution control activity.
- "DBE" means EPA's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise program.
- "Dedicated Revenue Source for Repayment" "Dedicated revenue source for repayment" means the a source of revenue pledged by a borrower to repay the financial assistance.
- "Department" means the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality.
- "Designated Water Quality Management Planning Agency" means a single representative organization designated by the Governor pursuant to § 208 of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1288, to develop a Certified Water Quality Management Plan for the area.
- "Disbursement" means the transfer of cash from the a fund to a recipient.
- "Discharge" has same meaning as prescribed in A.R.S. § 49-201(12).
- "Drinking Water Facility" "Drinking water facility" means a community water system as defined in R18-4-101, or a nonprofit non-community water system as defined in R18-4-101 has same meaning as prescribed in A.R.S. § 49-1201(6).
- "Drinking Water Revolving Fund" means the fund established by A.R.S. § 49-1241.
- "EPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency and its successor.
- "Equivalency Project" means a wastewater treatment facility under § 212 of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1292, constructed in whole or in part before October 1, 1994, with funds equaling the amount of the federal capitalization grant.
- "Executive Director" means the executive director Executive Director of the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona.
- "Federal capitalization grant" means the assistance agreement by which the EPA obligates and awards funds allotted to the Authority for purposes of capitalizing the Clean Water Revolving Fund and the Drinking Water Revolving Fund.
- "Financial assistance" means the use of monies for any of the purposes identified in R18-15-201, R18-15-301, and R18-15-401 R18-15-102(B).
- "Financial assistance agreement" means any agreement, including a financial assistance loan repayment agreement, or technical assistance loan repayment agreement, grant agreement that defines the terms for financial assistance provided pursuant according to this Article Chapter.
- "First Use Project" means a project identified by EPA and the state as part of the National Municipal Policy List for the state.
- "Fundable Range" means a subset of the Project Priority List that demarcates the ranked projects which have been determined to be ready to proceed and will be provided with a project finance application.
- "Governmental unit" means a political subdivision or Indian tribe that may receive <u>technical or</u> financial assistance from the Authority pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-1203.
- "Grant applicant" means a governmental unit, a nonpoint source project sponsor, a drinking water facility, or a water provider that is seeking a Planning and Design Assistance Grant from the Authority under the provisions of this Chapter.

"Grant application" means a request for a Planning and Design Assistance Grant submitted to the Board or Committee by a grant applicant in a format prescribed by the Authority.

"Impaired water" means a navigable water for which credible scientific data exists that satisfies the requirements of A.R.S. § 49-232 and that demonstrates that the water should be identified pursuant to 33 U.S.C. 1313(d) and the regulations implementing that statute.

"Infiltration" means water other than wastewater that enters a sewer system, including sewer service connections and foundation drains, from the ground through such means as defective pipes, pipe joints, connections, or manholes.

"Intended Use Plan" means the document prepared by the Authority identifying the intended uses of Clean Water Revolving Fund and Drinking Water Revolving Fund <u>federal</u> capitalization grants <del>pursuant to R18-15-203 and R18-15-303</del> according to R18-15-202 and R18-15-302, the intended uses of the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund according to R18-15-402, and intended uses of funds for technical assistance according to R18-15-502.

"Master Priority List" means the Master Priority List for Capacity Development developed by the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality under 18 A.A.C. 8. A.A.C. R18-4-803, which ranks public water systems according to their need for technical assistance.

"MBE, WBE, SBRA report" means a report that identifies and documents each small business or business enterprise owned by a woman or minority in a rural area that participates in a contract funded in whole or in part by the Authority.

"Nonpoint Source Management Program" means Arizona's Nonpoint Source Management Program, approved by EPA under § 319 of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1329, for controlling pollution from nonpoint sources.

"Preconstruction" means any activity that occurs on the project before any physical activity onsite such as the erection, acquisition, alteration, remodeling, improvement, or extension of treatment works, collection lines, distribution lines, or pumps.

"Onsite system" means a conventional septic tank system or alternative system that is installed at a site to treat and dispose of wastewater of predominantly human origin that is generated at that site.

"Operational technical assistance" means the use of monies for a specific water or wastewater system to assist that system to improve its operations.

"Planning and Design Assistance Grant" means a technical assistance grant that provides for the use of monies for a specific water, wastewater system, or water supply delivery system for planning or design to facilitate the design, construction, acquisition, improvement, or consolidation of a drinking water project, wastewater project, or water supply development project.

"Planning and Design Assistance Grant Agreement" means any agreement that defines the terms for technical assistance provided according to Article 5 of this Chapter.

"Policy technical assistance" means the use of monies by or on behalf of the Authority to conduct research, conduct studies, conduct surveys, develop guidance, and perform related activities that benefit more than one water or wastewater system.

"Priority List" means the document developed by the Board that ranks projects pursuant to R18-15-204, R18-15-304, R18-15-504 and R18-15-508.

"Priority value" means the total points a project received during the evaluation of its Project Priority List application. "Professional assistance" means the use of monies by or on behalf of the Authority to conduct research, conduct studies, conduct surveys, develop guidance, and perform related activities that benefit more than one water or wastewater system. For water providers, staff assistance is limited to planning and design of water supply development projects according to A.R.S. § 49-1203(B)(17).

"Project" means any distinguishable segment or segments of a wastewater treatment facility, drinking water facility, or the Nonpoint Source Management Program, water supply delivery system or nonpoint source pollution control that can be bid separately and for which financial or technical assistance is being requested or provided.

"Project Priority List" means the document developed by the Board or Committee according to R18-15-203, R18-15-303 or R18-15-403 that ranks projects according to R18-15-204, R18-15-304 or R18-15-404.

"Project technical assistance" means the use of monies for a specific water or wastewater system to assist that system achieve technical, managerial, or financial capability and to facilitate the design, construction, acquisition, improvement, or consolidation of a drinking water or wastewater system.

"Recipient" means an applicant who has entered into a financial assistance agreement or Planning and Design Assistance Grant Agreement with the Authority.

"Replacement" means obtaining and installing equipment or accessories that are necessary during the design and

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operation of the drinking water and wastewater infrastructure to maintain the capacity and performance for which such infrastructure were designed and constructed.

"Regulatory authority" means the Department, EPA, the Department of Health Services, a county, city, or other local health department, a county environmental agency, or a sanitary district.

"Service area" means the area within a municipality's boundaries, or the boundaries of a municipal, sanitary, irrigation, or county improvement district (for wastewater treatment or drinking water facilities), or is the area served by either a public service corporation (as defined in Article XV, Section 2 of the Arizona Constitution) or a homeowners association.

"State match" means the monies that may be used to meet the requirements of § 602(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1382 and § 1452(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300j-12.

"Staff assistance" means the use of monies for a specific water or wastewater system to assist that system to improve its operations or assist a specific water provider with a water supply delivery system. For water providers, staff assistance is limited to planning and design of water supply development projects according to A.R.S. § 49-1203(B)(17).

"Technical assistance" means assistance provided by the Authority in the form of staff assistance, professional assistance and Planning and Design Assistance Grants.

"Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan" means the document prepared by the Authority identifying the intended sources and uses of funding for technical assistance.

"Treatment works" means any devices and systems for the storage, treatment, recycling, and reclamation of municipal sewage, domestic sewage, or liquid industrial wastes used to implement § 201 of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1281, or necessary to recycle or reuse water over the design life of the works.

"User charge" means a charge levied on users of drinking water and wastewater infrastructure.

"Water provider" has same meaning as prescribed in A.R.S. § 49-1201(14).

"Water supply development" has same meaning as prescribed in A.R.S. § 49-1201(15).

"Water Supply Development Revolving Fund" means the fund established by A.R.S. § 49-1271.

### R18-15-102. Types of Assistance Available

- A. The Authority may provide financial and technical assistance under the following if the Board or Committee, as applicable, determines funding is available:
  - 1. Clean Water Revolving Fund Program and Clean Water Technical Assistance Program,
  - 2. <u>Drinking Water Revolving Fund Program and Drinking Water Technical Assistance Program</u>,
  - 3. Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Program and Water Supply Development Technical Assistance Program, and
  - 4. Hardship Grant Fund Program.
- **B.** Financial assistance available from the Authority includes any of the following:
  - 1. Financial assistance loan repayment agreements,
  - 2. Planning and design loan repayment agreements in accordance with A.R.S. § 49-1203(B)(16),
  - 3. The purchase or refinance of local debt obligations.
  - 4. The guarantee or purchase of insurance for local obligations to improve credit market access or reduce interest rates,
  - 5. Short-term emergency loans agreements in accordance with A.R.S. § 49-1269, and
  - 6. Providing linked deposit guarantees through third-party lenders as authorized by A.R.S. § 49-1273(A)(6).
- C. Technical assistance available from the Authority includes Planning and Design Assistance Grants, staff assistance and professional assistance. Technical assistance may be offered at the Board's or Committee's discretion and shall be identified in the annual Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan as described in R18-15-502.

### R18-15-103. Legal Capability

- A. The applicant shall demonstrate that it is legally authorized to enter into long-term indebtedness and legally authorized to pledge the dedicated revenue source for repayment required by R18-15-104.
- **B.** If the applicant is a political subdivision or water provider and the long-term indebtedness is authorized through an election, the applicant shall provide all of the following:
  - 1. One copy of the sample election ballot and election pamphlet at least 45 days prior to the election.
  - 2. One copy of the governing body resolution calling for the election at least 45 days prior to the election.
  - 3. One copy of the election results following the election.
  - 4. An attorney's opinion on the current legal status of the applicant and the applicant's ability to legally enter into the financial assistance agreement.
- C. If the applicant is a political subdivision and the long-term indebtedness is authorized through a special taxing district creation process, the applicant shall provide all of the following:

- 1. One copy of all final documentation, notices, petitions, and related information at the conclusion of each step in the special taxing district creation process.
- 2. An attorney's opinion on the current legal status of the applicant and the applicant's ability to legally enter into the financial assistance agreement.
- D. If the applicant is regulated by the Arizona Corporation Commission, the applicant shall provide all of the following:
  - 1. Evidence that the financial assistance from the Authority to the applicant has been authorized by the Arizona Corporation Commission.
  - 2. An attorney's opinion on the current legal status of the applicant and the applicant's ability to legally enter into the financial assistance agreement.
- E. All other applicants who are not included in subsections (B), (C), and (D), shall demonstrate that a majority of the beneficiaries consent to the terms and conditions of the financial assistance. The Authority shall assist each applicant to devise a process by which this consent is documented.
- **F.** Based on the Board's determination of the applicant's legal capability, the Authority may recommend modifications to the proposed project or the Authority may recommend modifications to the applicant's legal structure and organization.

# R18-15-102. R18-15-103. Application Process

- A. An applicant for financial requesting assistance shall apply to the Authority for each type of financial or technical assistance described in R18-15-102 on forms provided by the Authority. After the Board determines that an application is complete and correct, the Authority may enter into a financial assistance agreement with the applicant.
- **B**. An applicant seeking <u>financial assistance through the</u> Clean Water Revolving Fund <u>financial assistance Program</u> shall apply for financial assistance <u>pursuant according</u> to Articles 1 and 2 of this Chapter.
- C. An applicant seeking <u>financial assistance through the</u> Drinking Water Revolving Fund <u>financial assistance Program</u> shall apply for financial assistance <u>pursuant according</u> to Articles 1 and 3 of this Chapter.
- **D.** An applicant seeking financial assistance through the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Program shall apply for financial assistance according to Articles 1 and 4 of this Chapter.
- **D.E.** An applicant seeking other types of financial technical assistance available through the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority Technical Assistance Programs shall apply for financial technical assistance pursuant according to Articles 1 and 4 5 of this Chapter.
- **E.F.** Any confidential information shall be marked An applicant shall mark any confidential information with the words "confidential information" on each page of the material containing such information. A claim of confidential information may be asserted for a trade secret or information that, upon disclosure, would harm a person's competitive advantage. The Authority shall not disclose any confidential information determined confidential. Upon receipt of a claim of confidential information, the Authority shall make one of the following written determinations:
  - 1. The designated information is confidential and the Authority shall not disclose the information except to those individuals deemed by the Authority to have a legitimate interest.
  - 2. The designated information is not confidential.
  - 3. Additional information is required before a final confidentiality determination can be made.

#### R18-15-104. General Financial Capability Assistance Application Requirements

- A. The applicant shall identify a dedicated revenue source for repayment of the financial assistance. When determining an applicant's financial capability, the Board shall consider all the following:
  - 1. The amount of money collected through the dedicated revenue source for each of the previous five fiscal years.
  - 2. An estimate of the amount of money that will be collected through the dedicated revenue source for the current fiscal year.
  - 3. A projection of the amount of money that will be collected through the dedicated revenue source for each of the next five fiscal years.
- **B.** The applicant shall provide an estimate of the project costs, including applicable planning, design, and construction costs, as well as estimated annual operation, maintenance, and replacement costs.
- C. The applicant shall provide an estimated schedule of required disbursements of the financial assistance.
- **D.** The applicant shall provide the following information:
  - 4. One copy of each financial statement, audit, or comprehensive financial statement from the previous five fiscal years.
  - 2. One copy of each budget, business plan, management plan, or financial plan from the previous three fiscal years and the current fiscal year.
  - 3. One copy of the proposed budget, business plan, management plan, or financial plan for the next fiscal year.
  - 4. A summary of current fees for drinking or wastewater services including, as applicable, any resolutions passed by the governing body of a political subdivision.
  - 5. The most recent version of the applicant's capital improvement plan or other plan explaining proposed infrastructure investments.
  - 6. Copies of documentation relating to outstanding indebtedness including official statements, financial assistance

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- agreements, and amortization schedules.
- 7. The number of connections to be served by the proposed project.
- E. Based on the Board's determination of the applicant's financial capability and the Board's review of the estimated costs of the project, the Authority may recommend modifications to the proposed project or the Authority may recommend modifications to the dedicated revenue source.
- A. The applicant shall provide in the financial assistance application the information outlined in subsections (B), (C), (D) and (E).
- **B.** The applicant shall demonstrate the applicant is legally authorized to enter into long-term indebtedness and legally authorized to pledge the dedicated revenue source for repayment required by subsection (C).
  - 1. If the applicant is a political subdivision and the long-term indebtedness is authorized through an election, the applicant shall provide all of the following:
    - a. One copy of the sample election ballot and election pamphlet.
    - b. One copy of the governing body resolution calling for the election.
    - c. Official evidence of the election results following the election.
  - 2. If the applicant is a political subdivision and the long-term indebtedness is not required by law to be authorized through an election, the applicant shall provide one copy of the approved governing body resolution authorizing the long-term indebtedness.
  - 3. If the applicant is a political subdivision and the long-term indebtedness is authorized through a special taxing district creation process, the applicant shall provide one copy of all final documentation, notices, petitions, and related information at the conclusion of each step in the special taxing district creation process.
  - 4. If the applicant is regulated by the Arizona Corporation Commission, the applicant shall provide evidence that the financial assistance from the Authority to the applicant is authorized by the Arizona Corporation Commission.
  - 5. All other applicants shall demonstrate that a majority of the beneficiaries consent to the terms and conditions of the financial assistance. The Authority shall assist each applicant to devise a process by which this consent is documented.
- C. The applicant shall identify the dedicated revenue source for repayment of the financial assistance and demonstrate that the dedicated revenue source is sufficient to repay the financial assistance.
  - 1. The applicant shall provide the following information:
    - a. Amount of the financial assistance requested.
    - b. One copy of each financial statement, audit, or comprehensive financial statement from a minimum of the previous three fiscal years.
    - c. One copy of each budget, business plan, management plan, or financial plan from the previous and current fiscal years.
    - d. One copy of the proposed budget, business plan, management plan, or financial plan for the next fiscal year.
    - e. A projection of revenue anticipated to be collected over the next five years from the dedicated revenue source for repayment.
    - f. A summary of current fees for drinking or wastewater services including, as applicable, any resolutions passed by the governing body of a political subdivision.
    - g. Copies of documentation relating to outstanding indebtedness pledged to the dedicated source for repayment; including official statements, financial assistance agreements, and amortization schedules.
  - 2. If any of the required information listed above is not available, the Authority may assist the applicant in determining alternative documentation to support the applicant's financial capability.
  - 3. The Authority may ask for additional financial information as necessary to evaluate the applicant's financial capability.
- <u>D.</u> The applicant shall demonstrate the applicant is technically capable to construct, operate and maintain the proposed project.
  - 1. The applicant shall provide the following information:
    - a. An estimate of the project costs in as much detail as possible, including an estimate of applicable planning, design, construction and material costs.
    - b. The number of connections to be served by the proposed project.
    - c. The most recent version of the applicant's capital improvement plan or other plan explaining proposed infrastructure investments.
    - d. One copy of each feasibility study, engineering report, design memorandum, set of plans and specifications, and other technical documentation related to the proposed project determined applicable by the Authority for the stage of project completion.
    - e. Copies of résumés, biographies or related information of the certified operators, system employees, or contractors employed by the applicant to operate and maintain the existing facilities and the proposed project.
    - f. A description of the service area, including maps.
    - g. A description of the existing physical facilities.

- 2. The Authority may ask for additional information as necessary to evaluate the applicant's technical capability.
- E. The applicant shall demonstrate the applicant is capable to manage the proposed project.
  - 1. The applicant shall provide the following information:
    - a. Years of experience and related information of the owners, managers, chief elected officials and governing body members of the applicant.
    - b. A list of professional and outside services retained by the applicant and the proposed project.
  - 2. If any of the required information listed above is not available, the Authority may assist the applicant in determining alternative documentation to support the applicant's managerial capability.
  - 3. The Authority may ask for additional information as necessary to evaluate the applicant's managerial capability.

# R18-15-105. Technical Capability General Financial Assistance Conditions

- A. The Board shall review each applicant's technical capability to construct, operate, and maintain the proposed project.
- **B.** The applicant shall provide the following information:
  - 1. One copy of each feasibility study, engineering report, design memorandum, set of plans and specifications, and other technical documentation related to the proposed project.
  - Copies of resumes, biographies or related information of the certified operators, system employees, or contractors
    employed by the applicant to operate and maintain the existing facilities and the proposed project.
  - 3. A description of the service territory including maps.
  - 4. A description of the existing physical facilities.
- C. The Board may consider the applicant's compliance history, as applicable, to the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. §§ 1251 to 1387, Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f to 300j-25, related Arizona statutes, and related rules, regulations, and policies.
- **D.** Based on the Board's determination of the applicant's technical capability and the Board's review of the proposed project, the Authority may recommend modifications to the proposed project.
- A. The Authority shall not execute a financial assistance agreement with an applicant until the applicant provides all documentation specified by the Authority and the conditions of R18-15-106 are complete. Projects under the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Program are not subject to the requirements of R18-15-106. For planning and design loans which include an environmental information document or an environmental impact statement, the Authority may execute a financial assistance agreement with an applicant prior to the completion of the conditions of R18-15-106 provided that the applicant completes the conditions of R18-15-106 before proceeding with the design of the selected alternative.
- **B.** The documentation required prior to execution of the financial assistance agreement shall at a minimum include:
  - 1. One copy of the governing body resolution approving the execution of the financial assistance agreement,
  - 2. A project budget, and
  - 3. An estimated disbursement schedule.
- C. The financial assistance agreement between the recipient and the Authority shall at a minimum specify:
  - 1. Rates of interest, fees and any costs as determined by the Authority;
  - 2. Project details;
  - 3. The maximum amount of principal and interest due on any payment date;
  - 4. Debt service coverage requirements;
  - 5. Reporting requirements;
  - 6. Debt service reserve fund and repair and replacement reserve fund requirements;
  - 7. The dedicated source for repayment and pledge:
  - 8. Any other agreed upon conditions; and
  - 9. Compliance with applicable federal, state and local laws.
- **D.** The Authority may require a recipient to pay a proportionate share of the expenses of the Authority's operating costs.
- E. The recipient shall maintain the project account in accordance with generally accepted government accounting standards.

  After reasonable notice by the Authority, the recipient shall make available any project records reasonably required to determine compliance with the provisions of this Article and the financial assistance agreement.
- F. The Authority shall release loan proceeds subject to a disbursement request if the request is consistent with the financial assistance agreement and the disbursement schedule.
  - 1. The applicant shall submit each disbursement request on the forms provided by the Authority. Each disbursement request shall include a certification and signature document, a cost-incurred report, and a DBE report. The Authority shall not process a disbursement until the applicant provides a completed disbursement form.
  - 2. The applicant shall include copies of invoices, canceled checks, or other documents that show proof of eligible costs incurred with each disbursement request.
- G. The recipient shall make repayments per an agreed upon schedule in the financial assistance agreement. The Authority shall charge a late fee for any loan repayment 30 days past the due date and every 30 days thereafter. The Authority shall refer any loan repayment more than 90 days past due to the Office of the Attorney General for appropriate action.

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### R18-15-106. Managerial and Institutional Capability

- A. The Board shall review each applicant's capability to manage the proposed project.
- **B.** The applicant shall provide the following information:
  - 1. As applicable, copies of resumes, biographies, years of experience, term of office, and related information of the owners, managers, chief elected officials, and governing body members of the applicant.
  - 2. A list of professional and outside services retained by the applicant and the proposed project.
- C. The Board may consider the following:
  - 1. As applicable, compliance history of the applicant relative to the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. §§ 1251 to 1387, Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f to 300j 25, related Arizona statutes, and related rules, regulations, and policies.
  - 2. The scope and size of the proposed project and the applicant's ability to manage the project once completed.
- **D.** Based on the Board's determination of the applicant's managerial capability and the Board's review of the proposed project, the Authority may recommend modifications to the proposed project.

# R18-15-107. R18-15-106. Environmental Review

- A. The Authority shall conduct an environmental review pursuant according to this Section for impacts of the design or construction of water infrastructure works in accordance with applicable federal and state law. Projects under the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Program are not subject to the requirements of R18-15-106. As part of the application process, the Authority shall request information from the applicant to conduct an environmental review consistent with the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1251 to 1387, and A.R.S. Title 49 40 CFR 35.3140 and 40 CFR 35.3580. The Authority shall determine whether the project meets the criteria for categorical exclusion under subsections (B) and (C), or whether the project requires the preparation of an Environmental Assessment (EA) or an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) to identify and evaluate its environmental impacts.
- B. A project may be categorically excluded from environmental review if the project fits within a category that is eligible for exclusion and the project does not involve any of the extraordinary circumstances listed in subsection (C). If, based on the application and other information submitted by the applicant, the Authority determines that a categorical exemption exclusion from an environmental review is warranted, the project is exempt from the requirements of this Section, except for the public notice and participation requirements in subsection (J). The Authority shall grant may issue an exemption a categorical exclusion if existing information and documents demonstrate that the project qualifies under 4 one or more of the following categories:
  - 1. Any project which is directed towards rehabilitation of existing facilities, functional replacement of equipment, or the construction of new ancillary facilities adjacent or appurtenant to existing facilities which do not affect the degree of treatment or capacity of the existing facility. Any project relating to existing infrastructure systems that involves minor upgrading, minor expansion of system capacity, rehabilitation (including functional replacement) of the existing system and system components, or construction of new minor ancillary facilities adjacent to or on the same property as existing facilities. This category does not include projects that:
    - a. Involve new or relocated discharges to surface or groundwater,
    - b. Will likely result in the substantial increase in the volume or the loading of pollutant to the receiving water,
    - c. Will provide capacity to serve a population 30% greater than the existing population,
    - d. Are not supported by the state or other regional growth plan or strategy, or
    - e. <u>Directly or indirectly involve or relate to the upgrading or extending infrastructure systems primarily for the purposes of future development.</u>
  - 2. Any <u>clean water</u> project in <u>sewered unsewered</u> communities <u>which is for minor upgrading and minor expansion of existing treatment works involving the replacement of existing onsite systems, providing the new onsite systems do not result in substantial increases in the volume of discharge or the loadings of pollutants from existing sources, or relocate an existing discharge.</u>
  - 3. Any project in unsewered communities where onsite technologies are proposed.
- C. The Authority shall deny an exemption a categorical exclusion if the project falls under any of the following eategories: any of the following extraordinary circumstances apply to the project:
  - 1. The project will create a new, or relocate an existing, discharge to surface, or ground waters.
  - 2. The project will result in substantial increases in the volume of discharge or the loading of pollutants from an existing source or from new facilities to receiving waters.
  - 3. The project is known or expected to have a significant effect on the quality of the human environment, either individually, cumulatively over time, or in conjunction with other federal, state, local, or private actions.
  - 4. The project is known or expected to directly or indirectly affect cultural resources, habitats of endangered or threatened species, environmentally important natural resource areas such as floodplains, wetlands, important farmlands, and aquifer recharge zones; or other resource areas.
  - 5. The project is known or expected to cause significant public controversy.
  - 6. The project is known or expected not to be cost effective.
  - 1. The project is known or expected to have potentially significant adverse environmental impacts on the quality of the

- human environment either individually or cumulatively over time.
- 2. The project is known or expected to have disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on any community, including minority communities, low-income communities, or federally-recognized Indian tribal communities.
- 3. The project is known or expected to significantly affect federally listed threatened or endangered species or their critical habitat.
- 4. The project is known or expected to significantly affect national natural landmarks or any property with nationally significant historic, architectural, prehistoric, archeological, or cultural value, including but not limited to, property listed on or eligible for the Arizona or National Registers of Historic Places.
- 5. The project is known or expected to significantly affect environmentally important natural resource areas such as wetlands, floodplains, significant agricultural lands, aquifer recharge zones, wild and scenic rivers, and significant fish or wildlife habitat.
- 6. The project is known or expected to cause significant adverse air quality effects.
- 7. The project is known or expected to have a significant effect on the pattern and type of land use or growth and distribution of population, including altering the character of existing residential areas, or may not be consistent with state or local government, or federally-recognized Indian tribe approved land use or federal land management plans.
- 8. The project is known or expected to cause significant public controversy about a potential environmental impact of the proposed action.
- 9. The project is known or expected to be associated with providing financial assistance to a federal agency through an interagency agreement for a project that is known or expected to have potentially significant environmental impacts.
- 10. The project is known or expected to conflict with federal, state or local government, or federally-recognized Indian tribe environmental, resource-protection, or land-use laws or regulations.
- **D.** If the Authority determines that a denies the categorical exemption exclusion is not warranted under subsection (B) (C), the Authority shall conduct an EA according to subsection (E), unless the Authority decides to prepare an EIS according to subsections (F) and (G) without first undertaking an EA. If the Authority conducts an EA, the applicant shall:
  - 1. prepare Prepare an Environmental Information Document (EID) in a format prescribed by the Authority. The EID shall be of sufficient scope to <u>undertake an environmental review and to</u> allow development of an EA under subsection (E); or
  - 2. Provide documentation, upon Authority approval, in another format if the documentation is of sufficient scope to allow the development of an EA under subsection (E).
- E. The EA may be conducted by the Authority or by the applicant under the supervision of the Authority and shall include consideration of all of the following factors: The Authority shall conduct the EA that includes:
  - 1. For the delineated planning area, the existing environmental conditions relevant either to the analysis of alternatives or to determining the environmental impacts of the proposed project.
  - 2. The relevant future environmental conditions of the delineated planning area, including the alternative of no action.
  - 3. The purpose and need for the project in the planning area, including the existing public health or water quality problems and their severity and extent.
  - 4. A comparative analysis of feasible alternatives, including no action, throughout the project area. The comparison shall focus on the beneficial and adverse consequences, both direct and indirect, on the existing environment, the future environment, and individual sensitive environmental issues that are identified by project management or through public participation conducted under this Section. The comparison shall also include an analysis of all of the following factors:
    - a. Land use and other social parameters, including recreation and open-space considerations.
    - b. Consistency with population projects used to develop state implementation plans under the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 7401 to 7671.
    - e. Cumulative impacts, including anticipated community growth within the project study area.
    - d. Other anticipated public works projects, including coordination with such projects.
  - 5. A full range of relevant impacts of the project, including any irreversible or irretrievable commitments of resources to the project and the relationship between local short-term uses of the environment and the maintenance and enhancement of long-term productivity.
  - 6. Proposed structural and nonstructural measures to mitigate or eliminate adverse effects on the human and natural environments. Among other measures, structural provisions include changes in project design, size, and location; and nonstructural provisions include staging facilities, monitoring and enforcement of environmental rules, and local commitments to develop and enforce land use rules.
  - 1. A brief discussion of:
    - a. The need for the project;
    - b. The alternatives, including a no action alternative;
    - c. The affected environment, including baseline conditions that may be impacted by the project and alternatives;
    - d. The environmental impacts of the project and alternatives, including any unresolved conflicts concerning alter-

- native uses of available resources; and
- e. Other applicable environmental laws.
- 2. A listing or summary of any coordination or consultation undertaken with any federal agency, state or local government, or federally-recognized Indian tribe regarding compliance with applicable laws and executive orders;
- 3. <u>Identification and description of any mitigation measures considered, including any mitigation measures that must be adopted to ensure the project will not have significant impacts; and</u>
- 4. Incorporation of documents by reference, if appropriate, including the EID.
- **F.** Upon completion of the EA required by subsection (E), the Authority shall determine whether an environmental impact statement (EIS) is necessary.
  - 1. The Authority shall prepare or direct the applicant to prepare an EIS pursuant to following subsection (G) if any of the following conditions exist.
    - a. The project is known or expected to have a significant adverse effect on the quality of the human environment, either individually, cumulatively over time, or in conjunction with other federal, state, local, or private actions.
    - b. The project is known or expected to directly or indirectly adversely affect recognized cultural resources, habitats of endangered or threatened species, environmentally important natural resource areas such as floodplains, wetlands, important farmlands, and aquifer recharge zones, or other resource areas.
    - e. The project is likely to cause significant public controversy or is known or expected not to be cost effective.
    - I. The project discharges into a body of water where the present protected or designated use is not being met or is being challenged as inadequate to protect existing uses, and the discharge will not be of sufficient quality or quantity to meet the requirements of these uses.
    - The project would result in a discharge of treated effluent from a new or modified existing facility into a body of water and the discharge is likely to have a significant effect on the quality of the receiving water.
    - b. The project is likely to directly, or through induced development, have significant adverse effect upon local ambient air quality or local ambient noise levels.
    - c. The project is likely to have significant adverse effects on surface water reservoirs or navigation projects.
    - d. The project would be inconsistent with state or local government, or federally-recognized Indian tribe approved land use plans or regulations, or federal land management plans.
    - e. The project would be inconsistent with state or local government, or federally-recognized Indian tribe environmental, resource-protection, or land-use laws and regulations for the protection of the environment.
    - f. The project is likely to significantly affect the environment through the release of radioactive, hazardous or toxic substances, or biota.
    - g. The project involves uncertain environmental effects or highly unique environmental risks that are likely to be significant.
    - h. The project is likely to significantly affect national natural landmarks or any property on or eligible for the Arizona or National Registers of Historic Places.
    - i. The project is likely to significantly affect environmentally important natural resources such as wetlands, significant agricultural lands, aquifer recharge zones, wild and scenic rivers, and significant fish or wildlife habitat.
    - j. The project action in conjunction with related federal, state or local government, or federally-recognized Indian tribe projects is likely to produce significant cumulative impacts.
    - k. The project is likely to significantly affect the pattern and type of land use or growth and distribution of population including altering the character of existing residential areas.
    - 1. The project is a new regional wastewater treatment facility or water supply system for a community with a population greater than 100,000.
    - m. The project is an expansion of an existing wastewater treatment facility that will increase existing discharge to an impaired water by more than 10 million gallons per day (mgd).
  - 2. If the Authority determines pursuant to subsection (F)(1) that an EIS is not necessary, the Authority shall issue a finding of no significant impact (FNSI). The FNSI shall be accompanied by the submitted EA with an attached memorandum from the Authority explaining any changes made to the submitted document. Upon issuance of the FNSI, the project may proceed under the other requirements of this Article. The Authority may issue a finding of no significant impact (FONSI) if the EA supports the finding that the project will not have a significant impact on the environment. The FONSI shall include the submitted EA and a brief description of the project, alternatives considered and project impacts. The FONSI must also include any commitments to mitigation that are essential to render the impacts of the project not significant. The Authority shall issue the FONSI for public comment in accordance with subsection (J).
- G. An EIS required by subsection (F)(1) shall be prepared as follows The Authority shall prepare or direct the applicant to prepare an EIS required by subsection (F)(1) when the project will significantly impact the environment, including projects for which the EA analysis demonstrates that significant impacts will occur that will not be reduced or eliminated by changes to or mitigation of the project. The Authority shall perform the following actions:
  - 1. As soon as practicable after its decision to prepare an EIS and before the scoping process, the The Authority shall 1st prepare and distribute a Notice of Intent. The Notice of Intent shall briefly describe the project and possible alternative.

- tives and the proposed scoping process. The Authority shall distribute the Notice of Intent to affected federal, state and local agencies, any affected Indian tribe, the applicant, and other interested parties. The Authority shall issue the Notice of Intent for public comment in accordance with subsection (J)(3).
- 2. As soon as possible after the <u>distribution and</u> publication of the Notice of Intent required by subsection (G)(1), the Authority shall convene a meeting of affected federal, state, and local agencies, affected Indian tribes, the applicant, and other interested parties. At the meeting, the scope of the EIS the parties attending the meeting shall be determined determine the scope of the EIS by considering a number of factors, including all of the following:
  - a. The significant issues to be analyzed in depth in the EIS.
  - b. The preliminary range of alternatives to be considered.
  - c. The potential cooperating agencies and information or analyses that may be needed from cooperating agencies or other parties.
  - d. The method for EIS preparation and the public participation strategy.
- 3. Upon completion of the process described in subsection (G)(2), the Authority shall identify and evaluate all potentially viable alternatives to adequately address the range of issues identified. Additional issues <u>also</u> may <del>also</del> be addressed, or others eliminated, and the reasons documented as part of the EIS.
- 4. After the analysis of issues is conducted <del>pursuant</del> <u>according</u> to subsection (G)(3), the Authority shall issue a draft EIS for public comment <u>according</u> to subsection (J)(4).
- 5. Following public comment pursuant according to subsection (J), the Authority shall prepare a final EIS, consisting of all of the following:
  - a. The draft EIS.
  - b. An analysis of all reasonable alternatives and the no action alternative.
  - c. Summary of any coordination or consultation undertaken with any federal, state or local government, or federally-recognized Indian tribe.
  - d. Summary of the public participation process.
  - b.e. Comments received on the draft EIS.
  - e.f. A list of persons commenting on the draft EIS.
  - d.g. The Authority's responses to significant comments received.
  - e-<u>h.</u> A determination of consistency with the Certified Water Quality Management Plan, if applicable.
  - i. The names and qualifications of the persons primarily responsible for preparing the EIS.
  - £.i. Any other information added by the Authority.
  - <u>k.</u> The names and qualifications of the persons primarily responsible for preparing the EIS.
- 6. The Authority must prepare a supplemental EIS when appropriate, including when substantial changes are made to the project that are relevant to environmental concerns, or when there are significant new circumstances or information relevant to environmental concerns bearing on the project.
- H. After <u>issuance of</u> a final EIS <u>has been issued</u> under subsection (G)(5), the Authority shall prepare and issue a record of decision (ROD) containing the Authority's decision whether to proceed or not proceed with a project. A ROD issued with a decision to proceed shall include <u>mitigation measures derived from the EIS process a brief description of the project, alternatives considered and project impacts. In addition, the ROD must include any commitments to mitigation, an explanation if the environmental preferred alternative was not selected, and any responses to substantive comments on the final <u>EIS</u>. A ROD issued with a decision not to proceed shall preclude the project from receiving financial assistance under this Article.</u>
- I. Any project awaiting financial assistance which has a 5 or more year old categorical exclusion, FNSI, or ROD under this Section shall be subject to an environmental re-evaluation. The Authority shall re-evaluate the project, environmental conditions, and public views and, in writing, either reaffirm or modify its original decision. Any new information used by the Authority in making its determination shall be included. For all determinations (categorical exclusions, FONSIs or RODs) that are five years old or older and for which the project has not been implemented, the Authority shall re-evaluate the project, environmental conditions, and public views to determine whether to conduct a supplemental environmental review of the project and complete an appropriate environmental review document or reaffirm the Authority's original determination. The Authority shall provide public notice of the re-evaluation according to subsection (J)(5).
- **J.** Public notice and participation under this Section The Authority shall be conducted conduct the public notice and participation under this Section as follows:
  - If a categorical exclusion is granted under subsection (B), the Authority shall provide public notice of that fact by
    publishing the notice as a legal notice at least once, in + one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county
    or counties concerned.
  - 2. If a <u>FNSI FONSI</u> is issued under subsection (F)(2), the Authority shall provide public notice <del>pursuant to R18-1-401(A)</del> that the <u>FNSI FONSI</u> is available for public review <u>by publishing the notice as a legal notice at least once, in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or counties concerned. The notice shall provide that comments on the <u>FNSI FONSI</u> may be submitted to the Authority for a period of 30 days from the date of publication of the notice. If no comments are received, the <u>FNSI FONSI</u> shall immediately become effective. The Authority may</u>

- proceed with the project subject to any mitigation measures described in the FONSI after responding to any substantive comments received on the preliminary FONSI during the 30-day comment period, or 30 days after issuance of the FONSI if no substantive comments are received.
- 3. If a Notice of Intent is prepared and distributed under subsection (G)(1), the Authority shall publish it as a legal notice at least once, in + one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or counties concerned.
- 4. If a draft EIS is issued under subsection (G)(4), the Authority shall provide public notice <u>at least once</u>, in one or <u>more newspapers of general circulation in the county or counties concerned pursuant to A.A.C. R18-1-401(A)</u> that the draft EIS is available for public review. The notice shall provide that comments on the draft EIS may be submitted to the Authority for a period of <u>30 45</u> days from the date of publication of the notice. <u>In addition, if When</u> the Authority determines that a project may be controversial, the notice shall provide for a general public hearing to receive public <u>comment comments</u> <u>pursuant to A.A.C. R18-1-401(B)</u>.
- 5. If the Authority reaffirms or revises a decision pursuant according to subsection (I), the Authority shall provide public notice of that fact by publishing the notice as a legal notice at least once, in 4 one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or counties concerned.
- 6. When public notice is required under this subsection, the Authority shall also provide written notice to the applicable Designated Water Quality Management Planning Agency.

# R18-15-112. R18-15-107. Disputes

- **A.** Any <u>interested</u> party having a substantial financial interest in or suffering a substantial adverse financial impact from an action taken <u>pursuant to under</u> this Chapter, <u>excluding R18-15-503, R18-15-504 and R18-15-505</u>, may file a formal letter of dispute with the Executive Director <u>according to subsections (B), (C), (D) and (E).</u> Any interested party having a substantial financial interest in or suffering a substantial adverse financial impact from an action taken under R18-15-503, R18-15-504 or R18-15-505 shall proceed per R18-15-503(H), R18-15-504(H) or R18-15-505(H).
- **B.** The interested party shall file the formal letter of dispute in writing within 30 days of the action with the Executive Director with a copy to the Board or Committee. The formal letter of dispute shall include the following information:
  - 1. The name, address and telephone number of the interested party.
  - 2. The signature of the interested party or the interested party's representative.
  - 3. A detailed statement of the legal and factual grounds of the dispute including:
    - a. Copies of relevant documents, and
    - b. The nature of the substantial financial interest or the nature of the substantial adverse financial impact of the interested party.
  - 4. The form of relief requested.
- **C.** Within 30 days of receipt of a dispute letter, the Authority shall issue a preliminary decision in writing, to be forwarded by certified mail to the party.
- **B.D.** Any party filing a dispute under subsection (B) that disagrees with a preliminary decision of the Authority may file a formal letter of appeal with the Board, provided such letter is received by the Executive Director not more than 15 days after the receipt by the party of the preliminary decision.
- C.E. The Board shall issue a final decision on issues appealed under subsection (B) (D) not more than 60 days after receipt of the <u>formal letter of</u> appeal.

### R18-15-108. Interest Rate Determinations Repealed

- A. In establishing interest rates for financial assistance made under this Chapter, the Authority:
  - 1. Shall consider the interest rate on bonds issued by the Authority, prevailing market rates, the recommendations of financial advisors, equity growth, and asset growth;
  - 2. Shall not establish a rate which exceeds prevailing market rates for similar types of financial assistance;
  - 3. Shall not establish a rate that is less than is needed to retire the Authority's bonds.
- **B.** The Authority shall establish interest rates on a loan by loan basis. Such determinations shall be adopted and amended as required by the Board at public meetings of the Board.

# R18-15-109. Bid Document Review Repealed

To ensure compliance with all Arizona statutes and federal requirements for funding the project, the applicant shall submit bid documents for review and comment by the Authority prior to the release of the documents to prospective bidders or contractors.

#### R18-15-110. Disbursements and Repayments Repealed

- A. The Authority shall honor disbursement requests if the disbursements are consistent with the financial assistance agreement and the disbursement schedule agreed to by both parties at the beginning of the contract, or the amended schedule based upon prior Authority approval.
- B. The Authority shall charge a late fee for any loan repayment 30 days past the due date and every 30 days thereafter. The Authority shall refer any loan repayment over 90 days past due to the Office of the Attorney General for appropriate

- action pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-375(J).
- C. The recipient shall maintain a project account in accordance with generally accepted government accounting standards. After reasonable notice by the Authority, the recipient shall make available any project records reasonably required to determine compliance with the provisions of this Article and the financial assistance agreement.
- **D.** Each disbursement request shall be on the forms provided by the Authority. Each disbursement request shall include a certification and signature document, a cost incurred report, and a MBE, WBE, SBRA report. All disbursement forms shall be completely filled out before the disbursement can be processed by the Authority.
- E. Each disbursement request shall include copies of invoices, canceled checks, or other documents that show proof of payment.

### R18-15-111. Administration Repealed

- A. The Authority may use up to 4% of federal capitalization grant awards to pay the reasonable costs of administering the Clean Water Revolving Fund and the Drinking Water Revolving Fund.
- **B.** The Authority may also require a recipient to pay a proportionate share of the expenses of the Authority's operating costs.

### R18-15-112. Renumbered

#### ARTICLE 2. CLEAN WATER REVOLVING FUND

## R18-15-201. Types of Clean Water Revolving Fund Financial Assistance Available Eligibility Criteria

- A. The Authority may use the Clean Water Revolving Fund for any of the following purposes:
  - 1. Financial assistance, which includes any of the following:
    - a. Financial assistance loan repayment agreements consistent with § 603(d) (1) of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1383;
    - b. The purchase or refinance of local debt obligations that were incurred after March 7, 1985, if building began after that date:
    - e. The guarantee or purchase of insurance for local obligations to improve credit market access or reduce interest
    - d. Security as a source of repayment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the Authority provided that the net proceeds of the bonds are deposited in the fund;
    - e. Guarantees of debt obligations by governmental units, which are issued to finance eligible projects.
  - 2. Technical assistance loan repayment agreements.
  - 3. Investments to earn interest to be deposited into the fund.
  - 4. Payments of costs to administer the fund.
  - 5. Other uses as additional funds are made available.
- **B.** The Authority shall describe projects and proposed financial assistance in the Clean Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan, developed under R18-15-203.

To be eligible to receive financial assistance from the Clean Water Revolving Fund, the applicant shall demonstrate the applicant is a governmental unit requesting financial assistance for a purpose as defined in A.R.S. § 49-1223(A); the proposed project is to design, construct, acquire, improve or refinance a publicly owned wastewater treatment facility, or for any other purpose permitted by the Clean Water Act including nonpoint source projects; and the proposed project appears on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List developed under R18-15-203.

#### R18-15-202. Eligibility Requirements for Financial Assistance

- A. To be eligible to receive financial assistance an applicant shall propose a project to: design, construct, acquire, improve or refinance a publicly owned wastewater treatment facility or projects eligible for the Department's Water Quality Improvement Grant Program.
- **B.** A project eligible under subsection (A) shall also meet all of the following applicable requirements before receiving financial assistance:
  - 1. The project shall appear on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List developed under R18 15 204.
  - 2. The applicant shall demonstrate legal capability under R18-15-103.
  - 3. The applicant shall demonstrate financial capability under R18-15-104.
  - 4. The applicant shall demonstrate technical capability under R18-15-105.
  - 5. The applicant shall demonstrate managerial and institutional capability under R18-15-106.
  - 6. The applicant shall demonstrate completion of the environmental review process under R18-15-107.
  - 7. The applicant shall obtain or be in the process of obtaining all permits and approvals required by federal, state, and local authorities.
  - 8. The applicant shall ensure that the project is consistent with the Certified Water Quality Management Plan.
  - 9. For nonpoint source projects, the applicant shall ensure that the project is consistent with § 319 and Title VI of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. §§ 1329, 1381 to 1387.
- C. The Authority, through its Board, shall provide financial assistance to eligible governmental units for proposed projects in

priority order according to the Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List developed pursuant to R18-15-204. If the Board determines that an applicant will not be able to proceed with a project in a manner consistent with the Clean Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan, the Board shall bypass that project. The Board shall provide written notice to the applicant that the project has been bypassed. The Board shall replace the bypassed project with the next project on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List in rank order that is ready to accept financial assistance.

# R18-15-203. R18-15-202. Clean Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan

- A. The Authority annually shall develop and publish an a Clean Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan for each funding eyele in which it anticipates that it will provide financial assistance for eligible projects that identifies the intended uses of funds available in the Clean Water Revolving Fund Program. At a minimum the The Intended Use Plan shall include a Priority List, a Fundable Range for Design Financial Assistance, and a Fundable Range for Construction Financial Assistance and shall identify the projects by eligible applicant, project name, type of project, type of financial assistance, amount of financial assistance, and estimated interest rates to be charged the Project Priority List according to R18-15-203. The Intended Use Plan shall also identify first use and equivalency projects. The Intended Use Plan shall be prepared after providing for public comment and review. If an the Intended Use Plan is to be submitted as one of the documents required to obtain a federal capitalization grant under Title VI of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. §§ 1381 to 1387, the Intended Use Plan shall include any additional information required by federal law.
- B. The Authority shall provide for a public review and written comment period of the draft Clean Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan for a minimum period of 14 calendar days. The Authority shall summarize all written comments submitted and prepare responses for Board review. After review of the comments and the Authority's responses to comments received during the public review and written comment period, the Board shall make any appropriate changes to the Plan and then adopt the Clean Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan at a public meeting with any changes made in response to public comments.

# R18-15-203. Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List

- A. The Authority annually shall prepare a Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List as part of the Intended Use Plan described in R18-15-202. The Board may waive the requirement to develop a Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List if funds are not adequate to assist any projects or if the Board determines that no financial assistance will be offered for the annual funding cycle.
- B. An applicant pursuing financial assistance from the Authority for a project shall request to have the project included on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List. The applicant may request that multiple projects be placed on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List. An applicant shall make a request for placement of a project on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List on or before a date specified by the Authority and in an application format specified by the Authority. The Authority shall include with the Project Priority List application form the criteria under each ranking category in R18-15-204(A), by which the project will be evaluated and the relative importance of each criteria.
- C. In preparation of the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, the Authority shall consider all Project Priority List applications submitted under subsection (B), all projects requested by regulatory authorities, and all plans prepared according to the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1251 to 1387. The Authority shall evaluate the merits of each project with respect to water quality issues and determine the priority value of each project according to R18-15-204. At a minimum, the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List shall identify:
  - 1. The applicant,
  - 2. Project title,
  - 3. Type of project,
  - <u>4.</u> The amount requested for financial assistance,
  - 5. Subsidy rate index according to R18-15-204(C),
  - 6. If the project is within the Fundable Range according to R18-15-205, and
  - 7. The rank of each project as determined by the priority value.
- <u>D.</u> After adoption of the annual Intended Use Plan and Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List according to R18-15-202, the Board may allow:
  - 1. Updates and corrections to the adopted Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, if the updates and corrections are adopted by the Board after an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting; or
  - 2. Additions to the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, if the additions are adopted by the Board after an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting.
- E. After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board may remove a project from the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List under one or more of the following circumstances:
  - 1. The recipient has received all financial assistance identified in the executed financial assistance agreement with the Authority;
  - 2. The project was financed with long-term indebtedness from another source;

- 3. The project is no longer an eligible project;
- 4. The applicant requests removal;
- 5. The applicant is no longer an eligible applicant; or
- 6. The applicant did not update, modify, correct or resubmit a project that remained on the Project Priority List for more than 365 days.

# R18-15-204. Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List Ranking

- A: The Board shall adopt a Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List for the funding eyele described in the Intended Use Plan. The Board shall not adopt a new list for years where funds are not adequate to assist any projects.
- **B.** If the Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List is required pursuant to subsection (A), the Authority shall rank the projects by priority points and the year the applicant requests project assistance.
- C. An applicant, desiring placement on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List, shall make its request for placement of one or more proposed projects on or before a date specified by the Authority. If requesting placement on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List, an applicant shall submit information within an application format specified by the Authority.
- D: The Authority shall prepare a draft Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List. In developing a draft Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List, the Authority shall consider all requests submitted under subsection (B), all requests made by regulatory authorities, all plans prepared pursuant to the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. §§ 1251 to 1387, and the most recently adopted Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List.
- E. The Authority shall hold a public meeting to receive comments on the draft Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List. The Authority shall publish a notice of the public meeting in newspapers statewide at least 14 days before the meeting date and make copies of the draft Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List available to the public at least 7 days before the meeting date.
- F. The Authority shall consider all comments submitted in writing before the meeting, given orally at the meeting, submitted in writing at the meeting, or submitted subsequent to the meeting but before the close of the written comment period. The Authority shall establish a written comment period and shall publish the date upon which the comment period closes in the meeting notice. After the Authority summarizes the comments received and prepares responses, the Board shall adopt the final Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List.
- G. The Board shall make additions to the final Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List if both of the following conditions are met:
  - 1. The project scores a minimum of 40 points under R18 15 207(C) (2).
  - 2. The additions are made by the Board at a public meeting.
- H. After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board may make modifications to the Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List, based on changes in circumstances under R18 15 207(C)(2).
- After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board may remove a project from the Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List under one or more of the following circumstances:
  - 1. The project has received all financial assistance from the fund requested by the applicant,
  - 2. The project has been financed with long-term indebtedness from another source,
  - 3. The project is no longer an eligible project,
  - The applicant requests removal, or
  - 5. The applicant is no longer an eligible applicant.
- A. The Authority shall rank each project on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List based on the priority value of each project. The Authority shall consider the following categories to determine the priority value of each project:
  - 1. The Authority shall evaluate the current conditions of the project, including existing environmental, structural and regulatory integrity and the degree to which the project is consistent with the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1251 to 1387.
  - 2. The Authority shall evaluate the degree to which the project improves or protects water quality.
  - 3. The Authority shall evaluate the degree to which the project addresses improvements to water or energy efficiency or environmentally innovative approaches.
  - 4. The Authority shall evaluate the degree to which the project promotes any of the following:
    - a. Consolidation of facilities, operations, and ownership;
    - b. Extending service to existing areas currently served by another facility; or
    - c. A regional approach to operations, management or new facilities.
  - 5. The Authority shall determine if the project received assistance from the Authority in a previous funding cycle.
  - 6. The Authority shall evaluate the applicant's local fiscal capacity.
- **B.** If two or more projects have the same rank according to subsection (A), the Authority shall give priority to the project with the highest current condition value under subsection (A)(1). If projects remain tied, priority will be given to the project with the highest water quality improvement value under subsection (A)(2). This process shall continue through the categories under subsection (A) sequentially through (A)(6). If projects continue to have the same priority value, the

Board shall determine the priority of the tied projects.

C. The Authority shall determine the subsidy rate index for each project on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority
List based on the applicant's local fiscal capacity value and the overall priority value of the project and shall incorporate
the subsidy rate index in the financial assistance agreement.

# R18-15-205. Ranking Criteria for the Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List Fundable Range for Financial Assistance

A. The Authority, through its Board, shall rank projects using priority values obtained from the following formula:

PV = EC + PB + LFC, where:

PV = Priority Value

**EC** – Existing Conditions

PB - Project Benefits

LFC = Local Fiscal Capacity

1. Existing Conditions (EC) -- The Authority shall award EC points up to a maximum of 200 points using the following formula:

EC = CC + PYF, where:

**CC** - Current Conditions

PYF - Prior Year Funding

- a. Current Conditions (CC) The Authority shall award CC points up to a maximum of 100 points using only one of the following categories:
  - i. Surface Water Pollution (Sewerage Facilities):
    - (1) 100 points if the project corrects a sewer overflow.
    - (2) 80 points if the project corrects a wastewater treatment facility non-compliance.
    - (3) 60 points if the project corrects excessive inflow and infiltration.
    - (4) 40 points if the project repairs a lift or pump station.
  - ii. Untreated or Uncontrolled Runoff (shown to be polluting either surface or ground water):
    - (1) 100 points if the project constructs or repairs a stormwater treatment or management facility.
    - (2) 80 points if the project implements agricultural best management practices.
    - (3) 60 points if the project involves landfill capping.
    - (4) 40 points if the project is non-traditional.
  - iii. Groundwater Pollution:
    - (1) 100 points if the project corrects onsite wastewater systems shown to be polluting either surface or ground water.
    - (2) 50 points if the project corrects surface or ground water pollution from sources other than onsite wastewater systems.
- b. Prior Year Funding (PYF) -- The Authority shall award PYF points up to a maximum of 100 points with only one set of points awarded as follows
  - i. 100 points if the applicant requests additional financial assistance for a multi-year construction project that received financial assistance from the Authority in a previous funding cycle.
  - ii. 80 points if the applicant requests financial assistance to construct a project that received pre design or design financial or technical assistance from the Authority in a previous funding cycle.
  - iii. 40 points if the applicant requests additional financial assistance to offset actual costs or justified overruns.
- 2. Project Benefits (PB) The Authority shall award PB points up to a maximum of 200 points using the following formula:

PB = WQI + CI + CR, where:

WOI = Water Quality Improvement

CI - Conservation Index

CR - Consolidation & Regionalization

- a. Water Quality Improvement (WQI) The Authority shall award WQI points up to a maximum of 100 point from a combination of Surface Water Restoration and Surface Water Protection or a maximum of 100 points from Groundwater Protection as follows:
  - i. Surface Water Restoration
    - (1) 50 points if the project benefits a current Total Maximum Daily Load Implementation Plan.
    - (2) 40 points if the project benefits the development of a Total Maximum Daily Load Implementation Plan.
    - (3) 30 points if the project benefits a future Total Maximum Daily Load Implementation Plan.
    - (4) 20 points if the project indirectly addresses a Total Maximum Daily Load Implementation Plan.
    - (5) 10 bonus points if the project benefits a project funded by a Water Quality Improvement Grant from the Department.
  - ii. Surface Water Protection

- (1) 50 points if the project benefits a waterbody identified by the Department as not supporting its designated use.
- (2) 40 points if the project benefits a waterbody identified by the Department as in partial support of its designated use.
- (3) 30 points if the project benefits a waterbody by the Department as in full support of its designated use.
- (4) 10 bonus points to projects that address a regional or local watershed plan to benefit water quality.
- iii. Groundwater Protection
  - (1) 100 points if the project benefits a wellhead protection area for a community water system well.
  - (2) 75 points if the project benefits groundwater not meeting aquifer water quality standards.
  - (3) 50 points if the project benefits groundwater meeting aquifer water quality standards.
- b. Conservation Index (CI) -- The Authority shall award Conservation Index points up to a maximum of 50 points as follows:
  - i. 50 points if the project will generate Class A+ reclaimed water for direct or indirect reuse.
  - ii. 40 points if the project will generate Class A reclaimed water for direct or indirect reuse.
  - iii. 30 points if the project will generate Class B+ reclaimed water for direct or indirect reuse.
  - iv. 20 points if the project will generate Class B reclaimed water for direct or indirect reuse.
  - v. 10 points if the project will generate Class C reclaimed water for direct or indirect reuse.
  - vi. 0 points if the project will not generate reclaimed water for direct or indirect reuse.
- e. Consolidation & Regionalization (CR) -- up to a maximum of 50 points as follows:
  - i. 20 points if the applicant is consolidating the physical facilities of existing multiple facilities.
  - ii. 20 points if the applicant is extending service to existing areas currently served by another facility.
  - iii. 5 points if the applicant is consolidating the operations of existing multiple facilities.
  - iv. 5 points if the applicant is consolidating the ownership of existing multiple facilities.
- 3. Local Fiscal Capacity (LFC) The Authority shall award LFC points up to a maximum of 100 points using the following formula:

LFC = MHI + UF + I + CE, where:

MHI = Median Household Income

UF - User Fees

I - Indebtedness

CE = Cost Effectiveness

- a. Median Household Income (MHI) -- The Authority shall divide the MHI from the area served by the applicant by the state's MHI (Service Area MHI/State MHI) to award points as follows:
  - i. 40 points if the area's MHI is less than 40% of the State's MHI.
  - ii. 30 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 40% but less than 60% of the State's MHI.
  - iii. 20 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 60% but less than 80% of the State's MHI.
  - iv. 10 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 80% but less than 100% of the State's MHI.
  - v. 0 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 100% of the State's MHI.
- b. User Fees (UF) The Authority shall divide the applicant's proposed residential user fees, rates, and charges by the service area's MHI (Proposed User Fees, Rates and Charges/Area MHI) to award points as follows:
  - i. 20 points if the rates are more than 1.5% of the area's MHI.
  - ii. 10 points if the rates are from 1% to 1.5% of the area's MHI.
  - iii. 0 points if the rates are less than 1% of the area's MHI.
- e. Indebtedness (I) The Authority shall divide existing indebtedness and proposed indebtedness by the number of users (Indebtedness/Number of Users) and divide the result by the service area's MHI to award points as follows:
  - i. 20 points if the existing and proposed indebtedness is more than 1% of the area's MHI.
  - ii. 10 points if the existing and proposed indebtedness is from .5% to 1% of the area's MHI.
  - iii. 0 points if the existing and proposed indebtedness is less than .5% of the area's MHI.
- d. Cost Effectiveness (CE) The Authority shall divide the estimated costs of construction by the number of benefitting connections (Construction Costs/# of Benefitting Connections) to award points as follows:
  - i. 20 points if CE is less than \$2,500 per benefitting connection.
  - ii. 10 points if CE is from \$2,500 to \$5,000 per benefitting connection.
  - iii. 0 points if CE is more than \$5,000 per benefitting connection.
- e. The Authority may use the most recent United States census data to determine the applicant's and the state's median household income. If the Authority or the applicant determines that this data is insufficient, the applicant shall use a reliable and impartial entity to conduct an income survey of the applicant's service area. If the applicant's service area is included in more than one income area, the Authority shall use an average of income areas to define the service area's median household income.
- **B.** The Authority shall rank tied scores by placing the project with the lowest cost effectiveness ratio above all other tied projects.

- A. Prior to adoption by the Board of the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, the Authority shall determine which projects are within the Fundable Range.
- **B.** In determining the Fundable Range, the Authority shall evaluate each project for evidence that the project is ready to proceed. The Authority shall consider any of the following indicators when evaluating if the project is considered within the Fundable Range:
  - 1. Evidence of debt authorization according to R18-15-104(B);
  - 2. Evidence that the applicant has obtained applicable local, state, or federal project permits, as applicable;
  - 3. Evidence of approval by the appropriate authority of project plans and specifications; or
  - 4. Evidence that the applicant has initiated the bid or solicitation process.

# R18-15-206. Fundable Range for Clean Water Revolving Fund Design Application for Financial Assistance

- A. The Board shall adopt a Fundable Range for Design Financial Assistance based on projects ranked on the Priority List. The Board shall not adopt a new Fundable Range for Design Financial Assistance for funding cycles in which funds are not adequate to assist any projects.
- **B.** The Authority shall prepare a draft and a final Fundable Range for Design Financial Assistance at the same time and in the same manner as the Priority List in accordance with R18 15 204 (D) through (F).
- C. The Board shall rank projects within the Fundable Range for Design Financial Assistance based on priority values obtained from the Priority List, the year the applicant requires funding, and the receipt of a complete Design Finance Application.
- **D.** The Board shall make additions to the Fundable Range for Design Financial Assistance if each of the following conditions are met:
  - 1. The project is on the Priority List,
  - 2. Funds are available to cover the cost of the project and to honor funding commitments made to other projects, and
  - 3. The additions are made by the Board at a public meeting.
- E. After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board shall remove a project from the Fundable Range for Design Financial Assistance under one or more of the following circumstances:
  - 1. The project has been removed from the Priority List,
  - 2. The project has received all design financial assistance from the fund requested by the applicant, or
  - 3. The applicant fails to proceed with the project.
- A. The Authority shall accept an application for financial assistance from an eligible applicant for a project that appears on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List and is determined to be in the Fundable Range. At the Authority's discretion, the Authority may accept an application for financial assistance prior to the project appearing on a Board-adopted Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List.
- **B.** The Authority shall not forward an application to the Board for consideration until all the following conditions are met:
  - 1. The project is on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List;
  - 2. The applicant has provided supporting documentation according to R18-15-205(B);
  - 3. The applicant has demonstrated legal capability, financial capability, technical capability and managerial capability as described in R18-15-104;
  - 4. For nonpoint source projects, the applicant has provided evidence that the project is consistent with Section 319 and Title VI of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1329, 1381 to 1387;
  - 5. The applicant has obtained or is in the process of obtaining all permits and approvals required by federal, state, and local authorities; and
  - 6. The proposed project is consistent with the Certified Water Quality Management Plan.
- C. The application criteria required under subsections (A) and (B) shall not apply to financial assistance requests for short-term emergency loans under A.R.S. § 49-1269.

# R18-15-207. Fundable Range for Clean Water Revolving Fund Construction Application Review for Financial Assistance

- A. The Board shall adopt a Fundable Range for Construction Financial Assistance based on projects ranked on the Priority List. The Board shall not adopt a new Fundable Range for Construction Financial Assistance for funding cycles in which funds are not adequate to assist any projects.
- **B.** The Authority shall prepare a draft and a final Fundable Range for Construction Financial Assistance at the same time and in the same manner as the Priority List in accordance with R18-15-204(D) through (F).
- C. The Authority shall rank projects within the Fundable Range for Construction Financial Assistance based on priority values obtained from the following formula:

PV = MPLP + RP, where:

PV - Priority Value

MPLP - Master Priority List Points

RP = Readiness to Proceed

- 1. The Authority shall award Master Priority List Points in accordance with R18-15-205.
- 2. Readiness to Proceed (RP) -- The Authority shall award RP points up to a maximum of 100 points as follows:
  - a. 40 points if the applicant has obtained debt authorization.
  - b. 30 points if the applicant has solicited the project for bidding.
  - e. 20 points if the applicant has the necessary plan and specification approvals.
  - d. 10 points if the applicant has completed the project design.
- D. The Board shall make additions to the Fundable Range for Construction Financial Assistance if each of the following conditions are met:
  - 1. The project is on the Priority List,
  - 2. The project scores a minimum of 40 RP points under (C) (2),
  - 3. Funds are available to cover the cost of the project and to honor funding commitments made to other projects, and
  - 4. The additions are made by the Board at a public meeting.
- E. After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board shall remove a project from the Fundable Range for Construction Financial Assistance under one or more of the following circumstances:
  - 1. The project has been removed from the Priority List,
  - 2. The project has received all construction financial assistance from the fund requested by the applicant, or
  - 3. The applicant fails to proceed with the project.
- A. The Authority shall evaluate and summarize each application received and develop an analysis which provides recommendations to the Board. The analysis shall at a minimum include:
  - 1. The scope, size and budget of the proposed project, including as much cost detail as possible.
  - 2. A summary of the applicant's legal capability including authorization to enter into long-term indebtedness and to pledge the specified dedicated revenue source for repayment.
  - 3. A summary of the applicant's technical capability including its ability to construct, operate and maintain the proposed project.
  - 4. A summary of the applicant's managerial capability including the experience of elected officials and management team in managing similar organizations and similar projects.
  - 5. A summary of the applicant's financial capability including:
    - a. The amount of money collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for each of the previous three fiscal years.
    - b. An estimate of the amount of money that will be collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for the current fiscal year, and
    - c. A projection of the amount of money that will be collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for each of the next five fiscal years.
  - 6. The applicant's compliance history, as applicable, to the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1251 to 1387, related Arizona statutes, and related rules, regulations, and policies.
  - 7. A summary of any previous assistance provided by the Authority to the applicant.
- B. The Board shall make a determination of the applicant's request for financial assistance at a public meeting. The Board shall base this determination on the information provided in the application, the analysis prepared by the Authority and any other information provided at the public meeting. The Authority shall inform the applicant of the Board's determination, which may include recommended modifications to any of the following:
  - 1. The proposed project,
  - 2. The applicant's legal structure and organization,
  - 3. The dedicated revenue source for repayment, and
  - 4. Any other modification to the structure of the financial assistance request.
- C. If the Board determines at any time during a funding cycle that funds are limited or are not available to provide financial assistance, the Authority shall notify applicants on the current Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List that the Authority is no longer accepting applications. The Board shall determine the amount of funding available, if any, to provide financial assistance for the applications already accepted by the Authority. The Board shall consider each application in the order the project appears within the Fundable Range on the current Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List. The Board shall make a determination as described in subsection (B) on each application until the available funds are committed.
- **D.** Upon Board approval of the applicant's request for financial assistance, the Authority shall prepare a financial assistance agreement for execution by the applicant and the Authority.

# **R18-15-208.** Clean Water Revolving Fund Requirements

- A. The Authority shall identify Clean Water Revolving Fund requirements applicable to each project pursuant to the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. §§ 1251 to 1387.
- **B.** If applicable, the applicant shall design a user charge system to produce adequate revenues for operation and maintenance, including replacement. The user charge system shall provide that a user discharging pollutants that cause an increase in

the cost of managing the effluent or sludge from the treatment works shall pay proportionately for the increased cost. An applicant's user charge system, based on actual or estimated use of wastewater treatment services, shall provide that each user or user class pays its proportionate share of operation and maintenance, including replacement costs of treatment works within the applicant's service area, based on the user's proportionate contribution to the total wastewater loading from all users or user classes.

- C. After a project is completed, the governmental unit shall use revenue from the project, including the sale of sludges, gases, liquids, crops, or revenue from leases, to offset the costs of operation and maintenance.
- **D.A.** The applicant shall certify that it the applicant has not violated any federal, state, or local law pertaining to fraud, bribery, graft, kickbacks, collusion, conflict of interest, or other unlawful or corrupt practices relating to or in connection with facilities planning, or design or construction work on a wastewater treatment facility project.
- **E.B.** First use and equivalency All projects shall comply with the provisions of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Pub.L. P.L. 88-352, 42 U.S.C. § 2000(a) to 2000h-6, and all other applicable federal laws.

## ARTICLE 3. DRINKING WATER REVOLVING FUND

## R18-15-301. Types of Drinking Water Revolving Fund Financial Assistance Available Eligibility Criteria

- A. The Authority may use the Drinking Water Revolving Fund for any of the following purposes:
  - 1. Financial assistance, which includes any of the following:
    - a. Financial assistance loan repayment agreements consistent with § 1452 (a)(2)(f) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300j 12.
    - b. The purchase or refinance of local debt obligations of political subdivisions that were incurred after July 1, 1993, if building began after that date.
    - e. The guarantee or purchase of insurance for local obligations to improve credit market access or reduce interest rates.
    - d. Security as a source of repayment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the Authority, provided that the net proceeds of the bonds are deposited in the fund.
    - e. Guarantees of debt obligations by governmental units, which are issued to finance eligible projects.
  - 2. Technical assistance loan repayment agreements.
  - 3. Investments to earn interest to be deposited into the fund.
  - 4. Payments of costs to administer the fund.
  - 5. Other uses authorized by the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f to 300j-25.
- **B.** The Authority shall describe projects and proposed financial assistance in the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan, developed pursuant to R18-15-303.
- C. Pursuant to the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f to 300j-25, 15% of available Drinking Water Revolving Fund financial assistance shall be available solely for drinking water facilities serving fewer than 10,000 persons consistent with the requirements for financial assistance within Article 3. On an annual basis, if there are insufficient requests for Drinking Water Revolving Fund financial assistance from drinking water facilities serving fewer than 10,000 persons, the Authority, through its Board, may direct the remainder of the 15% to all other drinking water facilities requesting financial assistance consistent with the requirements within Article 3.

To be eligible to receive financial assistance from the Drinking Water Revolving Fund, the applicant shall demonstrate the applicant is a drinking water facility as defined by A.R.S. § 49-1201 requesting financial assistance for a purpose as defined in A.R.S. § 49-1243(A); the proposed project is to plan, design, construct, acquire, improve a drinking water facility or refinance an eligible drinking water facility; and the proposed project appears on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List developed under R18-15-303.

# R18-15-302. Eligibility Requirements for Financial Assistance

- A. To be eligible to receive financial assistance an applicant shall be a drinking water facility as defined by A.R.S. § 49-1201.

  An applicant shall propose a project to: plan, design, construct, acquire, or improve a drinking water facility, or refinance an eligible drinking water facility.
- **B.** A project eligible under subsection (A) shall also meet all of the following requirements before receiving financial assistance:
  - 1. The project shall appear on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Priority List developed under R18-15-304.
  - 2. The applicant shall demonstrate legal capability under R18-15-103.
  - 3. The applicant shall demonstrate financial capability under R18-15-104.
  - 4. The applicant shall demonstrate technical capability under R18-15-105.
  - 5. The applicant shall demonstrate managerial and institutional capability under R18-15-106.
  - 6. The applicant shall demonstrate completion of the environmental review process under R18 15 107.
  - 7. The applicant shall obtain or be in the process of obtaining all permits and approvals required by federal, state, and local authorities.
- C. The Authority, through its Board, shall provide financial assistance to eligible applicants for proposed projects in priority

order according to the priority list developed under R18-15-304. If the Board determines that an applicant will not be able to proceed with a project in a manner consistent with the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan, the Board shall bypass that project. The Board shall provide written notice to the applicant that the project has been bypassed. The Board shall replace the bypassed project with the next project on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Priority List in rank order that is ready to accept financial assistance.

# R18-15-303. R18-15-302. Drinking Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan

- A. The Authority annually shall develop and publish an a Drinking Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan for each funding eyele in which it anticipates that it will provide financial assistance for eligible projects that identifies the intended uses of funds available in the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Program. At a minimum, the The Intended Use Plan shall include a Priority List, a Fundable Range for Design Financial Assistance, and a Fundable Range for Construction Financial Assistance and shall identify the projects by eligible applicant, project name, type of project, type of financial assistance, amount of financial assistance, population served by the project, and estimated interest rates to be charged the Project Priority List according to R18-15-303. The Intended Use Plan shall be prepared after providing for public comment and review. If an Intended Use Plan is to be submitted as one of the documents required to obtain a federal capitalization grant under the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f to 300j-25, the Intended Use Plan shall include any additional information required by federal law.
- B. The Authority shall provide for a public review and written comment period of the draft Drinking Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan for a minimum period of 14 calendar days. The Authority shall summarize all written comments submitted and prepare responses for Board review. After review of the comments and the Authority's responses to comments received during the public review and written comment period, the Board shall make any appropriate changes to the Plan and then adopt the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan at a public meeting with any changes made in response to public comments.

## R18-15-303. Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List

- A. The Authority annually shall prepare a Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List as part of the Intended Use Plan described in R18-15-302. The Board may waive the requirement to develop an annual Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List if funds are not adequate to assist any projects or if the Board determines that no financial assistance will be offered for the annual funding cycle.
- B. An applicant pursuing financial assistance from the Authority for a project shall request to have the project included on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List. The applicant may request that multiple projects be placed on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List. An applicant shall make a request for placement of a project on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List on or before a date specified by the Authority and in an application format specified by the Authority. The Authority shall include with the Project Priority List application form the criteria under each ranking category in R18-15-304(A) by which the project will be evaluated and the relative importance of each criteria.
- C. In preparation of the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, the Authority shall consider all Project Priority List applications submitted under subsection (B), all projects requested by regulatory authorities, and all plans prepared under the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300f to 300j-25. The Authority shall evaluate the merits of each project with respect to water quality issues and determine the priority value of each project according to R18-15-304. At a minimum, the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List shall identify:
  - 1. The applicant,
  - 2. Project title,
  - 3. Type of project,
  - 4. Population of service area,
  - 5. The amount requested for financial assistance,
  - 6. Estimated subsidy rate index,
  - 7. If the project is within the Fundable Range according to R18-15-305, and
  - 8. The rank of each project as determined by the priority value based on the ranking criteria according to R18-15-304.
- <u>D.</u> After adoption of the annual Intended Use Plan and Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List according to R18-15-302, the Board may allow:
  - 1. Updates and corrections to the adopted Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, if the updates and corrections are adopted by the Board after an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting; or
  - 2. Additions to the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, if the additions are adopted by the Board after an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting.
- E. After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board may remove a project from the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List under one or more of the following circumstances:
  - 1. The recipient has received all financial assistance identified in the executed financial assistance agreement with the Authority;

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- 2. The project was financed with long-term indebtedness from another source;
- 3. The project is no longer an eligible project;
- 4. The applicant requests removal;
- 5. The applicant is no longer an eligible applicant; or
- 6. The applicant did not update, modify, correct or resubmit a project that remained on the Project Priority List for more than 365 days.

# R18-15-304. Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List Ranking

- A. The Board shall adopt a Drinking Water Revolving Fund Priority List for the funding eyele described in the Intended Use Plan. The Board shall not adopt a new list for years where funds are not adequate to assist any projects.
- **B.** If the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Priority List is required pursuant to subsection (A), the Authority shall rank the projects by priority points and the year the applicant requests project assistance.
- C. An applicant, desiring placement on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Priority List, shall make its request for placement of one or more proposed projects on or before a date specified by the Authority. If requesting placement on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Priority List, an applicant shall submit information within an application format specified by the Authority.
- D. The Authority shall prepare a draft Drinking Water Revolving Fund Priority List. In developing a draft Priority List, the Authority shall consider all requests submitted under subsection (B), all requests made by regulatory authorities, all plans prepared under the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f to 300j 25, and the most recently adopted Drinking Water Revolving Fund Priority List.
- E. The Authority shall hold a public meeting to receive comments on the draft Priority List. The Authority shall publish a notice of the public meeting in newspapers statewide at least 14 days before the meeting date and make copies of the draft Drinking Water Revolving Fund Priority List available to the public at least 7 days before the meeting date.
- F. The Authority shall consider all comments submitted in writing before the meeting, given orally at the meeting, submitted in writing at the meeting, or submitted subsequent to the meeting but before the close of the written comment period. The Authority shall establish a written comment period and shall publish the date upon which the comment period closes in the meeting notice. After the Authority summarizes the comments received and prepares responses, the Board shall adopt the final Drinking Water Revolving Fund Priority List.
- G. The Board shall make additions to the final Drinking Water Revolving Fund Priority List if both of the following conditions are met:
  - 1. The project scores a minimum of 40 points under R18 15 307(C)(2), and
  - 2. The additions are made by the Board at a public meeting.
- **H.** After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board may make modifications to the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Priority List, based on changes in circumstances under R18-15-307(C)(2).
- After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board may remove a project from the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Priority List under one or more of the following circumstances:
  - 1. The project has received all financial assistance from the fund requested by the applicant,
  - 2. The project has been financed with long-term indebtedness from another source,
  - 3. The project is no longer an eligible project,
  - 4. The applicant requests removal, or
  - 5. The applicant is no longer an eligible applicant.
- A. The Authority shall rank each project listed on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List based on the priority value of each project. The Authority shall consider the following categories to determine the priority value of each project:
  - 1. The Authority shall evaluate the current conditions of the system through the system's rank on the Department's Master Priority List.
  - 2. The Authority shall evaluate the degree to which the project will result in improvement to the water system.
  - 3. The Authority shall evaluate the degree to which the project addresses improvements to water or energy efficiency or environmentally innovative approaches.
  - 4. The Authority shall evaluate the degree to which the project promotes any of the following:
    - a. Consolidation of facilities, operations and ownership;
    - b. Extending service to existing areas currently served by another facility; or
    - c. A regional approach to operations, management or new facilities.
  - 5. The Authority shall determine if the project received assistance from the Authority in a previous funding cycle.
  - 6. The Authority shall evaluate the applicant's local fiscal capacity.
- **B.** If two or more projects have the same rank according to subsection (A), the Authority shall give priority to the project with the highest current condition value under subsection (A)(1). If projects remain tied, priority will be given to the project with the highest water system improvement value under subsection (A)(2). This process shall continue through the categories under subsection (A) sequentially through (A)(6). If projects continue to have the same priority value, the

Board shall determine the priority of the tied projects.

C. The Authority shall determine the subsidy rate index for each project on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List based on the applicant's local fiscal capacity value and the overall priority value of the project and shall incorporate the subsidy rate index in the financial assistance agreement.

# R18-15-305. Ranking Criteria for the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Priority List Fundable Range for Financial Assistance

A. The Authority, through its Board, shall rank projects using priority values obtained from the following formula:

PV = EC + PB + LFC, where:

PV = Priority Value

**EC** – Existing Conditions

PB - Project Benefits

LFC = Local Fiscal Capacity

1. Existing Conditions (EC) - The Authority shall award EC points up to a maximum of 200 points, using the following formula:

EC = CC + PYF, where:

**CC - Current Conditions** 

PYF - Prior Year Funding

- a. Current Conditions (CC) The Authority shall award CC points up to a maximum of 100 points as follows:
  - i. 100 points if the applicant's system is at or above the 80th percentile of the community water systems on the Department's Master Priority List.
  - ii. 80 points if the applicant's system is at or above the 60th percentile but less than the 80th percentile of the community water systems on the Department's Master Priority List.
  - iii. 60 points if the applicant's system is at or above the 40th percentile but less than the 60th percentile of the community water systems on the Department's Master Priority List.
  - iv. 40 points if the applicant's system is at or above the 20th percentile but less than the 40th percentile of the community water systems on the Department's Master Priority List.
  - v. 20 points if the applicant's system is less than the 20th percentile of the community water systems on the Department's Master Priority List.
  - vi. 0 points if the applicant's system is not listed on the Department's Master Priority List.
- b. Prior Year Funding (PYF) The Authority shall award PYF points up to a maximum of 100 points with only 1 set of points awarded as follows:
  - i. 100 points if the applicant requests additional financial assistance for a multi-year construction project that received financial assistance from the Authority in a previous funding cycle.
  - ii. 80 points if the applicant requests financial assistance to construct a project that received pre-design or design financial or technical assistance from the Authority in a previous funding cycle.
  - iii. 40 points if the applicant requests additional financial assistance to offset actual costs or justified overruns.
- 2. Project Benefits (PB) The Authority shall award PB points up to a maximum of 200 points, using the following formula:

PB = WSI + CR, where:

WSI - Water System Improvement

CR = Consolidation & Regionalization

- a. Water System Improvement (WSI) The Authority shall award WSI points up to a maximum of 150 points from the following categories:
  - i. A maximum of 100 points if the applicant's proposed project addresses deficiencies identified by the Department on the Department's Master Priority List.
  - ii. 25 points if the applicant submitted a complete Capacity Development Plan to the Department.
  - iii. 25 points if the proposed project includes installing meters to monitor water use.
- b. Consolidation & Regionalization (CR) The Authority shall award CR points up to a maximum of 50 points as follows:
  - i. 20 points if the applicant is consolidating the physical facilities of existing multiple facilities.
  - ii. 20 points if the applicant is extending service to existing areas currently served by another facility.
  - iii. 5 points if the applicant is consolidating the operations of existing multiple facilities.
  - iv. 5 points if the applicant is consolidating the ownership of existing multiple facilities.
- 3. Local Fiscal Capacity (LFC) The Authority shall award LFC points up to a maximum of 100 points, using the following formula:

LFC = MHI + UF + I + CE, where:

MHI = Median Household Income

<del>UF - User Fees</del>

#### I - Indebtedness

#### CE - Cost Effectiveness

- a. Median Household Income (MHI) The Authority shall divide the MHI from the area served by the applicant by the state's MHI (Service Area MHI/State MHI) to award points as follows:
  - i. 40 points if the area's MHI is less than 40% of the State's MHI.
  - ii. 30 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 40% but less than 60% of the State's MHI.
  - iii. 20 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 60% but less than 80% of the State's MHI.
  - iv. 10 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 80% but less than 100% of the State's MHI.
  - v. 0 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 100% of the State's MHI.
  - b. User Fees (UF) -- The Authority shall divide the applicant's proposed residential user fees, rates, and charges by the service area's MHI (Proposed User Fees, Rates and Charges/Area MHI) to award points as follows:
  - i. 20 points if the rates are more than 1.5% of the area's MHI.
  - ii. 10 points if the rates are from 1% to 1.5% of the area's MHI.
  - iii. O points if the rates are less than 1% of the area's MHI.
- e. Indebtedness (I) -- The Authority shall divide existing indebtedness and proposed indebtedness by the number of users (Indebtedness/Number of Users) and divide the result by the service area's MHI to award points as follows:
  - i. 20 points if the existing and proposed indebtedness is more than 1% of the area's MHI.
  - ii. 10 points if the existing and proposed indebtedness is from .5% to 1% of the area's MHI.
  - iii. 0 points if the existing and proposed indebtedness is less than .5% of the area's MHI.
- d. Cost Effectiveness (CE) The Authority shall divide the estimated costs of construction by the number of benefitting connections (Construction Costs/# of Benefitting Connections) to award points as follows:
  - i. 20 points if CE is less than \$2,500 per benefitting connection.
  - ii. 10 points if CE is from \$2,500 to \$5,000 per benefitting connection.
  - iii. 0 points if CE is more than \$5,000 per benefitting connection.
- e. The Authority may use the most recent United States census data to determine the applicant's and the state's median household income. If the Authority or the applicant determines that this data is insufficient, the applicant shall use a reliable and impartial entity to conduct an income survey of the applicant's service area. If the applicant's service area is included in more than one income area, the Authority shall use an average of the income areas to define the service area's median household income.
- **B.** The Authority shall rank tied scores by placing the project with the lowest cost effectiveness ratio above all other tied projects.
- A. Prior to adoption by the Board of the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, the Authority shall determine which projects are within the Fundable Range.
- **B.** In determining the Fundable Range the Authority shall evaluate each project for evidence that the project is ready to proceed. The Authority shall consider any of the following indicators when evaluating if the project is within the Fundable Range:
  - 1. Evidence of debt authorization according to R18-15-104(B);
  - 2. Evidence that the applicant has obtained applicable local, state, or federal project permits, as applicable;
  - 3. Evidence of approval by the appropriate authority of project plans and specifications; or
  - 4. Evidence that the applicant has initiated the bid or solicitation process.

# R18-15-306. Fundable Range for Drinking Water Revolving Fund Design Application for Financial Assistance

- A. The Board shall adopt a Fundable Range for Design Financial Assistance based on projects ranked on the Priority List. The Board shall not adopt a new Fundable Range for Design Financial Assistance for funding eyeles in which funds are not adequate to assist any projects.
- **B.** The Authority shall prepare a draft and a final Fundable Range for Design Financial Assistance at the same time and in the same manner as the Priority List in accordance with R18-15-304(D) through (F).
- C. The Board shall rank projects within the Fundable Range for Design Financial Assistance based on priority values obtained from the Priority List, the year the applicant requires funding, and the receipt of a complete Design Finance Application.
- D. The Board shall make additions to the Fundable Range for Design Financial Assistance if each of the following conditions are met:
  - 1. The project is on the Priority List,
  - 2. Funds are available to cover the cost of the project and to honor funding commitments made to other projects, and
  - 3. The additions are made by the Board at a public meeting.
- E. After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board shall remove a project from the Fundable Range for Design Financial Assistance under one or more of the following circumstances:
  - 1. The project has been removed from the Priority List.

- 2. The project has received all design financial assistance from the fund requested by the applicant.
- 3. The applicant fails to proceed with the project.
- A. The Authority shall accept an application for financial assistance from an eligible applicant for a project that appears on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List and is determined to be within the Fundable Range. At the Authority's discretion, the Authority may accept an application for financial assistance prior to the project appearing on a Board-adopted Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List.
- **B.** The Authority shall not forward an application to the Board for consideration until all the following conditions are met:
  - 1. The project is on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List;
  - 2. The applicant has provided supporting documentation according to R18-15-305(B);
  - 3. The applicant has demonstrated legal capability, financial capability, technical capability and managerial capability as described in R18-15-104; and
  - 4. The applicant has obtained or is in the process of obtaining all permits and approvals required by federal, state, and local authorities.
- C. The application criteria required under subsections (A) and (B) shall not apply to financial assistance requests for short-term emergency loans under A.R.S. § 49-1269.

# R18-15-307. Fundable Range for Drinking Water Revolving Fund Construction Application Review for Financial Assistance

- A: The Board shall adopt a Fundable Range for Construction Financial Assistance based on projects ranked on the Priority List. The Board shall not adopt a new Fundable Range for Construction Financial Assistance for funding eyeles in which funds are not adequate to assist any projects.
- **B.** The Authority shall prepare a draft and a final Fundable Range for Construction Financial Assistance at the same time and in the same manner as the Priority List in accordance with R18-15-304(D) through (F).
- C. The Authority shall rank projects within the Fundable Range for Construction Financial Assistance based on priority values obtained from the following formula:

PV = MPLP + RP, where:

PV - Priority Value

MPLP = Master Priority List Points

RP - Readiness to Proceed

- 1. The Authority shall award Priority List Points in accordance with R18-15-305.
- 2. Readiness to Proceed (RP) The Authority shall award RP points for readiness for applicant to proceed with the project up to a maximum of 100 points as follows:
  - a. 40 points if the applicant has obtained debt authorization.
  - b. 30 points if the applicant has solicited the project for bidding.
  - e. 20 points if the applicant has the necessary plan and specification approvals.
  - d. 10 points if the applicant has completed the project design.
- D. The Board shall make additions to the Fundable Range for Design Financial Assistance if each of the following conditions are met:
  - 1. The project is on the Priority List,
  - 2. The project scores a minimum of 40 RP points under to R18 15 307(C)(2),
  - 3. Funds are available to cover the cost of the project and to honor funding commitments made to other projects, and
  - 4. The additions are made by the Board at a public meeting.
- E. After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board shall remove a project from the Fundable Range for Construction Financial Assistance under one or more of the following circumstances:
  - 1. The project has been removed from the Priority List,
  - 2. The project has received all construction financial assistance from the fund requested by the applicant, or
  - 3. The applicant fails to proceed with the project.
- **A.** The Authority shall evaluate and summarize each application received and develop an analysis which provides recommendations to the Board. The analysis shall at a minimum include:
  - 1. The scope, size and budget of the proposed project, including as much cost detail as possible.
  - 2. A summary of the applicant's legal capability including authorization to enter into long-term indebtedness and to pledge the specified dedicated revenue source for repayment.
  - 3. A summary of the applicant's technical capability including its ability to construct, operate and maintain the proposed project.
  - 4. A summary of the applicant's managerial capability including the experience of elected officials and management team in managing similar organizations and similar projects.
  - 5. A summary of the applicant's financial capability including:
    - a. The amount of money collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for each of the previous three fiscal years.

- b. An estimate of the amount of money that will be collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for the current fiscal year, and
- c. A projection of the amount of money that will be collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for each of the next five fiscal years.
- 6. The applicant's compliance history, as applicable, to the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300f to 300j-25, related Arizona statutes, and related rules, regulations and policies.
- 7. A summary of any previous assistance provided by the Authority to the applicant.
- B. The Board shall make a determination of the applicant's request for financial assistance at a public meeting. The Board shall base this determination on the information provided in the application, the analysis prepared by the Authority and any other information provided at the public meeting. The Authority shall inform the applicant of the Board's determination, which may include recommended modifications to any of the following:
  - 1. The proposed project,
  - 2. The applicant's legal structure and organization,
  - 3. The dedicated revenue source for repayment, or
  - 4. Any other modification to the structure of the financial assistance request.
- C. If the Board determines at any time during a funding cycle that funds are limited or are not available to provide financial assistance, the Authority shall notify applicants on the current Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List that the Authority is no longer accepting applications. The Board shall determine the amount of funding available, if any, to provide financial assistance for the applications already accepted by the Authority. The Board shall consider each application in the order the project appears within the Fundable Range on the current Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List. The Board shall make a determination as described in subsection (B) on each application until the available funds are committed.
- **D.** Upon Board approval of the applicant's request for financial assistance, the Authority shall prepare a financial assistance agreement for execution by the applicant and the Authority.

# R18-15-308. Drinking Water Revolving Fund Requirements

- A. The Authority shall identify Drinking Water Revolving Fund requirements applicable to each project under the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f to 300j 25.
- **B.** If applicable, the applicant shall design a user charge system to produce adequate revenues for operation and maintenance, including replacement. An applicant's user charge system, based on actual or estimated use of the drinking water facilities, shall provide that each user or user class pays its proportionate share of operation and maintenance, including replacement costs of facilities within the applicant's service area, based on the user's proportionate use of the facilities.
- C. The applicant shall certify that it the applicant has not violated any federal, state, or local law pertaining to fraud, bribery, graft, kickbacks, collusion, conflict of interest, or other unlawful or corrupt practices relating to or in connection with facilities planning, or design or construction work on a project.

# ARTICLE 4. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE WATER SUPPLY DEVELOPMENT REVOLVING FUND

# R18-15-401. Types of Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Financial Assistance Available Eligibility Criteria

- A. The Authority may issue Water Quality Bonds on behalf of eligible applicants for any of the following types of financial assistance:
  - 1. Loans.
  - 2. The purchase or refinance of local debt obligations.
- **B.** The Authority may guarantee or purchase insurance for local obligations to improve credit market access or reduce interest rates for eligible applicants.

To be eligible to receive financial assistance from the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund, the applicant shall demonstrate the applicant is a water provider as defined by A.R.S. § 49-1201 requesting financial assistance for a purpose as defined in A.R.S. § 49-1273(A), the water provider shall meet the requirements of A.R.S. § 49-1273(C), and the proposed project appears on the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List developed under R18-15-403.

# R18-15-402. Eligibility Requirements for Financial Assistance Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan

- A. To be eligible to receive financial assistance, an applicant shall propose a project per the following:
  - 1. Plan, design, construct, improve, acquire, or refinance a wastewater facility,
  - 2. Plan, design, construct, improve, acquire, or refinance a drinking water facility,
  - 3. Plan, design, construct, improve, acquire, or refinance a nonpoint source project.
- **B.** A project eligible under subsection (A) shall also meet all of the following requirements prior to receiving financial assistance:
  - 1. The applicant shall demonstrate legal capability pursuant to R18-15-103.
  - 2. The applicant shall demonstrate financial capability pursuant to R18-15-104.

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- 3. The applicant shall demonstrate technical capability pursuant to R18-15-105.
- 4. The applicant shall demonstrate managerial and institutional capability pursuant to R18-15-106.
- 5. The applicant shall demonstrate completion of the environmental review process pursuant to R18 15 107.
- 6. The applicant shall demonstrate readiness to proceed pursuant to R18-15-108.
- 7. The applicant shall obtain or be in the process of obtaining all applicable permits and approvals required by federal, state, and local authorities.
- A. The Authority annually shall develop and publish a Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan that identifies the intended uses of funds available in the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Program. The Intended Use Plan shall include the Project Priority List according to R18-15-403 and specify if funds are available to subsidize the projects. The Authority is not required to prepare a Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan if funds are not adequate to assist any projects or if the Committee determines that no financial assistance will be offered for the annual funding cycle.
- B. The Authority shall provide for a public review and written comment period of the draft Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan for a minimum period of 14 calendar days. The Authority shall summarize all written comments submitted and prepare responses for Committee review. After review of the comments and the Authority's responses to comments received during the public review and written comment period, the Committee shall make any appropriate changes to the Plan and then adopt the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan at a public meeting with any changes made in response to public comments or comments by members of the Committee.

# R18-15-403. Repealed Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List

- A. The Authority annually shall prepare a Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List as part of the Intended Use Plan described in R18-15-402. The Authority is not required to prepare a Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List if funds are not adequate to assist any projects or if the Committee determines that no financial assistance will be offered for the annual funding cycle.
- B. An applicant pursuing financial assistance from the Authority for a water supply development project shall request to have the project included on the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List. The applicant may request that multiple projects be placed on the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List. An applicant shall make a request for placement of a project on the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List on or before a date specified by the Authority and in an application format specified by the Authority. The Authority shall include with the Project Priority List application form the criteria under each ranking category in R18-15-404(A) by which the project will be evaluated and the relative importance of each criteria.
- C. In preparation of the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List, the Authority shall consider all Project Priority List applications submitted under subsection (B). The Authority shall evaluate the merits of each project with respect to water supply development issues and determine the priority value of each project according to R18-15-404. At a minimum, the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List shall identify:
  - 1. The applicant,
  - 2. Project title,
  - 3. Type of project,
  - 4. Population of water provider's service area,
  - 5. The amount requested for financial assistance,
  - 6. The subsidy rate index according to R18-15-404(C),
  - 7. If the project is within the Fundable Range according to R18-15-405, and
  - 8. The rank of each project as determined by the priority value based on the ranking criteria according to R18-15-404.
- **D.** After adoption of the annual Intended Use Plan and Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List according to R18-15-402, the Committee may allow:
  - 1. Updates and corrections to the adopted Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List if the updates and corrections are adopted by the Committee after an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, or
  - 2. Additions to the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List if the additions are adopted by the Committee after an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting.
- E. After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Committee may remove a project from the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List under one or more of the following circumstances:
  - 1. The recipient has received all financial assistance identified in the executed financial assistance agreement with the Authority;
  - 2. The project was financed with long-term indebtedness from another source;
  - 3. The project is no longer an eligible project;
  - 4. The applicant requests removal;
  - 5. The applicant is no longer an eligible applicant; or
  - 6. The applicant did not update, modify, correct or resubmit a project that remained on the Project Priority List for more

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than 365 days.

# R18-15-404. Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List Ranking

- A. The Authority shall rank each project listed on the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List based on the priority value of each project. The Authority shall consider the following categories to determine the priority value of each project.
  - 1. The Authority shall evaluate the existing, near-term and long-term water demands of the water provider as compared to the existing water supplies of the water provider.
  - 2. The Authority shall evaluate the existing and planned conservation and water management programs of the water provider.
  - 3. The Authority shall evaluate the current conditions of the water provider's facilities and the water provider's water supply needs, and evaluate how effectively the project will benefit the infrastructure or water supply needs.
  - 4. The Authority shall evaluate the sustainability of the water supply to be developed through the project.
  - 5. The Authority shall evaluate the applicant's local fiscal capacity.
- **B.** If two or more projects have the same rank according to subsection (A), the Authority shall give priority to the project with the highest water demand value under subsection (A)(1). If projects remain tied, priority will be given to the project with the highest conservation and water management value under subsection (A)(2). This process shall continue through the categories under subsection (A) sequentially through (A)(5). If projects continue to have the same priority value, the Committee shall determine the priority of the tied projects.
- C. If monies are available to provide a subsidy to the project, the Authority shall determine the subsidy rate index for each project on the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List based on the applicant's local fiscal capacity value and the overall priority value of the project. The Authority shall incorporate the subsidy rate index in the financial assistance agreement.

# R18-15-405. Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Fundable Range for Financial Assistance

- A. Prior to adoption by the Committee of the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List, the Authority shall determine which projects are within the Fundable Range.
- **B.** In determining the Fundable Range the Authority shall evaluate each project for evidence that the project is ready to proceed. The Authority shall consider any of the following indicators when evaluating if the project is within the Fundable Range:
  - 1. Evidence of debt authorization according to R18-15-104(B);
  - 2. Evidence that the applicant has obtained applicable local, state, or federal project permits, as applicable;
  - 3. Evidence of approval by the appropriate authority of project plans and specifications; and
  - 4. Evidence that the applicant has initiated the bid or solicitation process.

# R18-15-406. Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Application for Financial Assistance

- A. The Authority shall accept an application for financial assistance from an eligible applicant for a project that appears on the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List and is determined to be within the Fundable Range.

  At the Authority's discretion, the Authority may accept an application for financial assistance prior to the project appearing on a Committee-adopted Water Supply Development Fund Project Priority List.
- **B.** The Authority shall not forward an application for financial assistance to the Committee for consideration until all the following conditions are met:
  - 1. The water supply development project has been prioritized;
  - 2. The applicant has provided supporting documentation according to R18-15-405(B);
  - 3. The applicant has demonstrated legal capability, financial capability, technical capability and managerial capability under R18-15-104;
  - 4. The applicant has obtained or is in the process of obtaining all permits and approvals required by federal, state, and local authorities; and
  - 5. The applicant has demonstrated the ability to meet any applicable environmental requirements imposed by federal, state or local agencies.

# R18-15-407. Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Application Review for Financial Assistance

- A. The Authority shall evaluate and summarize each application for financial assistance received and develop an analysis that provides recommendations to the Committee. The analysis shall at a minimum include:
  - 1. The scope, size and budget of the proposed project, including as much cost detail as possible.
  - 2. A summary of the applicant's legal capability including authorization to enter into long-term indebtedness and to pledge the specified dedicated revenue source for repayment.
  - 3. A summary of the applicant's technical capability including its ability to construct, operate and maintain the proposed project.
  - 4. A summary of the applicant's managerial capability including the experience of elected officials and management

- team in managing similar organizations and similar projects.
- 5. A summary of the applicant's financial capability including:
  - a. The amount of money collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for each of the previous three fiscal years.
  - b. An estimate of the amount of money that will be collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for the current fiscal year, and
  - c. A projection of the amount of money that will be collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for each of the next five fiscal years.
- 6. A summary of any previous assistance provided by the Authority to the applicant.
- 7. A summary of the applicant's ability meet any applicable requirements imposed by federal, state or local agencies, including environmental requirements.
- B. The Committee shall make a determination of the applicant's request for financial assistance at a public meeting. The Committee shall base this determination on the information provided in the application, the analysis prepared by the Authority and any other information provided at the public meeting. The Authority shall inform the applicant of the Committee's determination, which may include recommended modifications to any of the following:
  - 1. The proposed project,
  - 2. The applicant's legal structure and organization,
  - 3. The dedicated revenue source for repayment, and
  - 4. Any other modification to the structure of the financial assistance request.
- C. If the Committee determines at any time during a funding cycle that funds are limited or are not available to provide financial assistance, the Authority shall notify applicants on the current Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List that the Authority is no longer accepting applications. The Committee shall determine the amount of funding available, if any, to provide financial assistance for the applications already accepted by the Authority. The Committee shall consider each application already accepted in the order the project appears on the current Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Project Priority List. The Committee shall make a determination as described in subsection (B) on each application until the available funds are committed.
- <u>D. Upon Committee approval of the applicant's request for financial assistance, the Authority shall prepare a financial assistance agreement for execution by the applicant and the Authority.</u>

# R18-15-408. Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Requirements

The applicant shall certify the applicant has not violated any federal, state, or local law pertaining to fraud, bribery, graft, kickbacks, collusion, conflict of interest, or other unlawful or corrupt practices relating to or in connection with facilities planning, design or construction work on a project.

#### ARTICLE 5. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

### R18-15-501. Technical Assistance

The Authority may provide Clean Water technical assistance, Drinking Water technical assistance and Water Supply Development technical assistance if funding is approved in the Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan according to R18-15-502. The Authority shall provide technical assistance in compliance with A.R.S. § 49-1203(B)(16).

# R18-15-502. Eligibility Requirements for Project Technical Assistance

- A. To be eligible to receive project technical assistance, an applicant shall own or operate a drinking water or wastewater system or be a water provider with a water supply development project eligible for financial assistance under A.R.S. §§ 49-1223(A)(1), 49-1243(A)(1) or 49-1273(A)(2).
- **B.** A project eligible under subsection (A) shall also meet both of the following requirements:
  - 1. Proposed project technical assistance will assist the system to achieve technical capability pursuant to R18-15-105, managerial and institutional capability pursuant to R18-15-106, or financial capability pursuant to R18-15-104; and
  - 2. Proposed drinking water or waste water project technical assistance will facilitate the design, construction, acquisition, improvement, or consolidation of a drinking water or wastewater system.
- C. The Authority shall provide project technical assistance to eligible applicants in priority order according to the priority lists developed pursuant to this Article.

# R18-15-501. R18-15-502. Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan

A. The Authority <u>annually</u> shall <u>develop and</u> publish a Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan for each funding cycle in which it anticipates that it will fund technical assistance that identifies intended uses of funds available for Clean Water technical assistance, Drinking Water technical assistance, and Water Supply Development technical assistance. The Intended Use Plan shall identify if funds are available and the amount of funds available for Planning and Design Assistance Grants, staff assistance and professional assistance for Clean Water, Drinking Water, and Water Supply Development. The Authority may develop Technical Assistance Intended Use Plans separately for Clean Water, Drinking Water, and Water Supply Development; combined into one document; or as parts of the Intended Uses Plans required under R18-

15-202, R18-15-302, and R18-15-402. If the Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan is to be submitted as one of the documents required to obtain a federal capitalization grant, the Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan shall include any additional information required by federal law. The Authority is not required to prepare a Water Supply Development technical assistance Intended Use Plan if funds are not adequate to assist any projects or if the Committee determines that no Water Supply Development technical assistance will be offered for the annual funding cycle. At a minimum, the Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan shall include:

- 1. Descriptions of the types of technical assistance the Authority expects to fund including operational, policy, and project technical assistance;
- 2. Sources and uses of funds for technical assistance;
- 3. A Priority List for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance;
- 4. A Fundable Range for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Grants:
- 5. A Fundable Range for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Loans;
- 6. A Priority List for Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance;
- 7. A Fundable Range for Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Grants; and
- 8. A Fundable Range for Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Loans.
- B. The Authority shall adopt provide for a public review and written comment period of the draft Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan after providing for public comment and review for a minimum period of 14 calendar days. The Authority shall summarize all written comments received and prepare responses. The Authority shall provide a summary of the written comments and the Authority's responses regarding the Clean Water and Drinking Water Technical Assistance Intended Use Plans to the Board and provide a summary of the written comments and the Authority's responses regarding the Water Supply Development Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan to the Committee. After review of the comments and the Authority's responses to comments received during the public review and written comment period, the Board or the Committee, as applicable, shall adopt the applicable Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan at a public meeting with any changes made in response to public comments or comments by members of the Board or Committee.

# R18-15-503. Types of Project Technical Clean Water Planning and Design Assistance Available Grants

The Authority may award project technical assistance in any one or a combination of the following forms:

- 1. Project technical assistance grants to local units of government for drinking water or waste water systems. If consultants are required to complete the project technical assistance, the grant agreement shall specify that the local unit of government is required to select and pay consultants in accordance with applicable procurement requirements.
- 2. Consultants selected and paid by the Authority to provide project technical assistance on behalf of the recipient of the project technical assistance award.
- 3. Project technical assistance loans subject to terms and conditions approved by the Board.
- A. Planning and Design Assistance Grants to a specific wastewater system shall assist that system to achieve or enhance its legal, financial, technical, or managerial capability to facilitate the design, construction, acquisition, improvement or consolidation of a wastewater system. The Board shall approve funds available for Planning and Design Assistance Grants in the annual Clean Water Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan. The Board may waive funding if funds are not adequate to provide assistance or if the Board determines that no assistance will be offered for the annual funding cycle.
- B. To be eligible to receive a Planning and Design Assistance Grant under the Clean Water Technical Assistance Program, the grant applicant shall demonstrate the applicant is a governmental unit that owns a wastewater system, or a non-governmental unit requesting technical assistance specifically for the purpose of forming a political subdivision. An eligible grant applicant shall apply for a Planning and Design Assistance Grant on or before a date specified by the Authority and on a grant application form specified by the Authority.
- C. A grant applicant shall commit to a matching contribution toward the total project cost as specified in the Request for Grant Applications. Match can include cash contributions or in-kind contributions. The Board may waive or modify the grant applicant's match requirement.
- D. The Authority shall solicit, evaluate and award Planning and Design Assistance Grants in accordance with A.R.S. § 41-2702.
- E. The Authority shall evaluate the grant applications received to determine which projects are eligible under the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1381 to 1387. Eligible grant applications shall specify a demonstrated need of the grant applicant for assistance in securing financial assistance for development and implementation of a wastewater capital improvement project.
- F. The Authority shall determine Planning and Design Assistance Grant awards based on the amount of funding available. If funding is limited, all eligible projects may not be funded. The Authority shall provide the Planning and Design Assistance Grant award recommendations to the Board for review and approval at a public meeting. The Board may adopt, modify or reject the Authority's recommendations in whole or in part.
- <u>G.</u> Within 30 days after the adoption of the Planning and Design Assistance Grant awards at a public meeting, the Authority shall notify all grant applicants whether or not they received an award.
- H. An unsuccessful grant applicant may submit an appeal in accordance with A.R.S. § 41-2704.

- <u>I.</u> The Authority and the grant applicant shall enter into a Planning and Design Assistance Grant Agreement that shall include at a minimum:
  - 1. A scope of work,
  - 2. The amount of the grant awarded,
  - 3. The amount of the local match required,
  - 4. A final project budget and timeline, and
  - 5. Reporting requirements.
- J. Project costs incurred prior to execution of a Planning and Design Assistance Grant Agreement shall not be eligible for grant funding.
- K. The Authority shall release grant proceeds subject to a disbursement request if the request is consistent with the Planning and Design Assistance Grant Agreement and the disbursement schedule.
  - 1. The grant recipient shall request each disbursement on the forms provided by the Authority. Each disbursement request shall include a certification and signature document, a cost-incurred report, and a DBE report. The Authority shall not process a disbursement until the applicant provides a completed disbursement form.
  - 2. The grant recipient shall include copies of invoices, canceled checks, or other documents that show proof of eligible costs incurred with each disbursement request.

# R18-15-504. Clean Drinking Water Project Technical Planning and Design Assistance Priority List Grants

- A. The Board shall adopt the Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List for the funding cycle described in the Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan. The Board shall not adopt a list for a funding cycle in which funds are not adequate to assist any projects.
- **B.** If the Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List is required pursuant to subsection (A), the Authority shall rank the projects by priority points and the year the applicant requests project technical assistance.
- C. An applicant seeking placement on the Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List shall make a request for placement of one or more proposed projects on or before a date specified by the Authority. If requesting placement on the Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List, an applicant shall submit an application specified by the Authority.
- **D.** The Authority shall prepare a draft Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List and shall hold at least one public meeting to receive comments on the list and make copies of the draft list available to the public at least seven days before the meeting date.
- E. The Authority shall consider all comments given orally at the public meeting or submitted in writing before the close of the written comment period. The Authority shall establish a written comment period and shall publish the date upon which the comment period closes in the meeting notice. After the Authority summarizes the comments received and prepares responses, the Board shall adopt the final Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List.
- F. Throughout the funding cycle, the Board shall make additions after the adoption of the final Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List if each of the following conditions are met:
  - 1. The project scores a minimum of 50 points under R18 15 505(A)(1).
  - 2. The additions are made at a public meeting of the Board.
- After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board may make modifications to the Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List based on changes to existing conditions pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(1).
- **H.** After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting of the Board, the Board may remove a project from the Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List under one or more of the following circumstances:
  - 1. The applicant has completed the technical assistance project,
  - 2. The project is no longer an eligible project,
  - 3. The applicant requests removal, or
  - 4. The applicant is no longer an eligible applicant.
- In the Authority shall provide clean water project technical assistance to eligible applicants for proposed projects in priority order according to the Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List developed pursuant to this Section. If the Authority determines that an applicant will not be able to proceed with a project, the Board shall bypass that project. The Authority shall provide written notice to the applicant that the project has been bypassed. The Authority shall replace the bypassed project with the next project on the Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List in rank order that is ready to accept technical assistance.
- A. Planning and Design Assistance Grants to a specific drinking water facility, excluding a nonprofit noncommunity water system, shall assist that facility to achieve or enhance its legal, financial, technical, or managerial capability to facilitate the design, construction, acquisition, improvement, or consolidation of a community water system. The Board shall approve funds available for Planning and Design Assistance Grants in the annual Drinking Water Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan. The Board may waive funding if funds are not adequate to provide assistance or if the Board determines that no assistance will be offered for the annual funding cycle.
- B. To be eligible to receive a Planning and Design Assistance Grant under the Drinking Water Technical Assistance Program,

- the grant applicant shall demonstrate the applicant owns a drinking water facility excluding a nonprofit noncommunity water system. An eligible grant applicant shall apply for a Planning and Design Assistance Grant on or before a date specified by the Authority and on a grant application form specified by the Authority.
- C. A grant applicant shall commit to a matching contribution toward the total project cost as specified in the Request for Grant Applications. Match can include cash contributions or in-kind contributions. The Board may waive or modify the grant applicant's match requirement.
- <u>D.</u> The Authority shall solicit, evaluate and award Planning and Design Assistance Grants in accordance with A.R.S. § 41-2702.
- E. The Authority shall evaluate the grant applications received to determine which projects are eligible under the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300f to 300j-25. Eligible grant applications shall specify a demonstrated need of the grant applicant for assistance in securing financial assistance for development and implementation of a drinking water capital improvement project.
- **F.** The Authority shall determine Planning and Design Assistance Grant awards based on the amount of funding available. If funding is limited, all eligible projects may not be funded. The Authority shall provide the Planning and Design Assistance Grant award recommendations to the Board for review and approval at a public meeting. The Board may adopt, modify or reject the Authority's recommendations in whole or in part.
- **G.** Within 30 days after the adoption of the Planning and Design Assistance Grant awards at a public meeting, the Authority shall notify all grant applicants whether or not they received an award.
- H. An unsuccessful grant applicant may submit an appeal according to A.R.S. § 41-2704.
- I. The Authority and the grant applicant shall enter into a Planning and Design Assistance Grant Agreement that shall include at a minimum:
  - 1. A scope of work,
  - 2. The amount of the grant awarded,
  - 3. The amount of the local match required,
  - 4. A final project budget and timeline, and
  - 5. Reporting requirements.
- J. Project costs incurred prior to execution of a Planning and Design Assistance Grant Agreement shall not be eligible for grant funding.
- **K.** The Authority shall release grant proceeds subject to a disbursement request if the request is consistent with the Planning and Design Assistance Grant Agreement and the disbursement schedule.
  - 1. The grant recipient shall request each disbursement on the forms provided by the Authority. Each disbursement request shall include a certification and signature document, a cost-incurred report, and a DBE report. The Authority shall not process a disbursement until the applicant provides a completed disbursement form.
  - The grant recipient shall include copies of invoices, canceled checks, or other documents that show proof of eligible
    costs incurred with each disbursement request.

# R18-15-505. Ranking Criteria for Clean Water Supply Development Planning and Design Project Technical Assistance Priority List Grants

A. The Authority, through its Board, shall rank projects using priority values obtained from the following formula:

PV = EC + PB + LFC, where:

PV - Priority Value

**EC - Existing Conditions** 

PB = Project Benefits

LFC - Local Fiscal Capacity

1. Existing Conditions (EC) -- The Authority shall award EC points up to a maximum of 200 points using the following formula:

EC = CC + PYF, where:

CC - Current Conditions

PYF = Prior Year Funding

- a. Current Conditions (CC) -- The Authority shall award CC points up to a maximum of 100 points using only one of the following categories:
  - i. Surface Water Pollution (Sewerage Facilities):
    - (1) 100 points if the project corrects a sewer overflow.
    - (2) 80 points if the project corrects a wastewater treatment facility non-compliance.
    - (3) 60 points if the project corrects excessive inflow and infiltration.
    - (4) 40 points if the project repairs a lift or pump station.
  - ii. Untreated or Uncontrolled Runoff (shown to be polluting either surface or ground water):
    - (1) 100 points if the project constructs or repairs a stormwater treatment or management facility.
    - (2) 80 points if the projects implements agricultural best management practices.

- (3) 60 points if the project involves landfill capping.
- (4) 40 points if the project is non-traditional.
- iii. Groundwater Pollution
  - (1) 100 points if the project corrects onsite wastewater systems shown to be polluting either surface or ground water.
  - (2) 50 points if the project corrects surface or ground water pollution from sources other than onsite wastewater systems.
- b. Prior Year Funding (PYF) -- The Authority shall award PYF points up to a maximum of 100 points with only one set of points awarded as follows:
  - i. 100 points if the applicant requests project technical assistance to design a project that received pre-design project technical assistance from the Authority in a previous funding cycle.
  - ii. 50 points if the applicant requests additional technical assistance to offset actual costs or justified overruns.
- 2. Project Benefits (PB) -- For requests for pre-design project technical assistance the Authority shall award PB points up to a maximum of 200 points as follows:
  - a. 200 points if the project receives a combined score of 160 to 200 points for Current Conditions pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(1) and Local Fiscal Capacity pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(4).
  - b. 150 points if the project receives a combined score of 120 to 159 points for Current Conditions pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(1) and Local Fiscal Capacity pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(4).
  - e. 100 points if the project receives a combined score of 80 to 119 points for Current Conditions pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(1) and Local Fiscal Capacity pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(4).
  - d. 50 points if the project receives a combined score of 40 to 79 points for Current Conditions pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(1) and Local Fiscal Capacity pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(4).
  - e. 0 points if the project receives a combined score of fewer than 40 points for Current Conditions pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(1) and Local Fiscal Capacity pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(4).
- 3. Project Benefits (PB) -- For requests for design project technical assistance, the Authority shall award points up to a maximum of 200 points using the following formula:

PB = WQI + CI + CR, where:

WQI - Water Quality Improvement

CI - Conservation Index

**CR = Consolidation & Regionalization** 

- a. Water Quality Improvement (WQI) -- The Authority shall award WQI points up to a maximum of 100 points from a combination of Surface Water Restoration and Surface Water Protection or a maximum of 100 points from Groundwater Protection as follows:
  - i. Surface Water Restoration
    - (1) 50 points if the project benefits a current Total Maximum Daily Load Implementation Plan.
    - (2) 40 points if the project benefits the development of a Total Maximum Daily Load Implementation Plan.
    - (3) 30 points if the project benefits a future Total Maximum Daily Load Implementation Plan.
    - (4) 20 points if the project indirectly addresses a Total Maximum Daily Load Implementation Plan.
    - (5) 10 bonus points if the project benefits a project funded by a Water Quality Improvement Grant from the Department.
  - ii. Surface Water Protection
    - (1) 50 points if the project benefits a waterbody identified by the Department as not supporting its designated use.
    - (2) 40 points if the project benefits a waterbody identified by the Department as in partial support of its designated use.
    - (3) 30 points if the project benefits a waterbody by the Department as in full support of its designated use.
    - (4) 10 bonus points to projects that address a regional or local watershed plan to benefit water quality.
  - iii. Groundwater Protection
    - (1) 100 points if the project benefits a wellhead protection area for a community water system well.
    - (2) 75 points if the project benefits groundwater not meeting aquifer water quality standards.
    - (3) 50 points if the project benefits groundwater meeting aquifer water quality standards.
- b. Conservation Index (CI) -- The Authority shall award Conservation Index points up to a maximum of 50 points as follows:
  - i. 50 points if the project will generate Class A+ reclaimed water for direct reuse.
  - ii. 40 points if the project will generate Class A reclaimed water for direct reuse.
  - iii. 30 points if the project will generate Class B+ reclaimed water for direct reuse.
  - iv. 20 points if the project will generate Class B reclaimed water for direct reuse.
  - v. 10 points if the project will generate Class C reclaimed water for direct reuse.
  - vi. 0 points if the project will not generate reclaimed water for direct reuse.

- e. Consolidation & Regionalization (CR) -- The Authority shall award CR points up to a maximum of 50 points as follows:
  - i. 20 points if the applicant is consolidating the physical facilities of existing multiple facilities.
  - ii. 20 points if the applicant is extending service to existing areas currently served by another facility.
  - iii. 5 points if the applicant is consolidating the operations of existing multiple facilities.
  - iv. 5 points if the applicant is consolidating the ownership of existing multiple facilities.
- 4. Local Fiscal Capacity (LFC) -- The Authority shall award LFC points up to a maximum of 100 points using the following formula:
  - LFC = MHI + UF + I. where:
  - LFC Local Fiscal Capacity
  - MHI Median Household Income
  - UF = User Fees
  - I Indebtedness
  - a. Median Household Income (MHI) -- The Authority shall divide the MHI from the area served by the applicant by the state's MHI (Service Area MHI/State MHI) to award points as follows:
    - i. 40 points if the area's MHI is less than 40% of the State's MHI.
    - ii. 30 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 40% but less than 60% of the State's MHI.
    - iii. 20 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 60% but less than 80% of the State's MHI.
    - iv. 10 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 80% but less than 100% of the State's MHI.
    - v. 0 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 100% of the State's MHI.
  - b. User Fees (UF) The Authority shall divide the applicant's proposed residential user fees, rates, and charges by the service area's MHI (Proposed User Fees, Rates and Charges/Area MHI) to award points as follows:
    - i. 30 points if the rates are more than 1.5% of the area's MHI.
    - ii. 15 points if the rates are from 1% to 1.5% of the area's MHI.
    - iii. 0 points if the rates are less than 1% of the area's MHI.
  - e. Indebtedness (I) -- The Authority shall divide existing indebtedness and proposed indebtedness by the number of users (Indebtedness/Number of Users) and divide the result by the service area's MHI to award points as follows:
    - i. 30 points if the existing and proposed indebtedness is more than 1% of the area's MHI.
    - ii. 15 points if the existing and proposed indebtedness is from .5% to 1% of the area's MHI.
    - iii. 0 points if the existing and proposed indebtedness is less than .5% of the area's MHI.
  - d. The Authority may use the most recent United States census data to determine the applicant's and the state's median household income. If the Authority or the applicant determines that this data is insufficient, the applicant shall use a reliable and impartial entity to conduct an income survey of the applicant's service area. If the applicant's service area is included in more than one income area, the Authority shall use an average of income areas to define the service area's median household income.
- **B.** The Authority shall rank tied scores by placing the project with the highest Local Fiscal Capacity points pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(4) above all other tied projects.
- A. Planning and Design Assistance Grant funding to a water provider shall assist the water provider in the planning or design of a water supply development project. A single Planning and Design Assistance Grant award shall not exceed \$100,000. The Committee shall approve funds available for Planning and Design Assistance Grants in the annual Water Supply Development Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan. The Committee may waive funding if funds are not adequate to provide assistance or if the Committee determines that no assistance will be offered for the annual funding cycle.
- B. To be eligible to receive a Planning and Design Assistance Grant under the Water Supply Development Technical Assistance Program, the grant applicant shall demonstrate the applicant is a water provider as defined in A.R.S. § 49-1201 and meet the requirements of A.R.S. § 49-1273(C). An eligible grant applicant shall apply for a Planning and Design Assistance Grant on or before a date specified by the Authority and on a grant application form specified by the Authority.
- C. A grant applicant shall commit to a matching contribution toward the total project cost as specified in the Request for Grant Applications. Match can include cash contributions or in-kind contributions. The Board may waive or modify the grant applicant's match requirement.
- <u>D.</u> The Authority shall solicit, evaluate and award Planning and Design Assistance Grants in accordance with A.R.S. § 41-2702.
- E. The Authority shall evaluate the grant applications received to determine which projects are eligible. Eligible grant applications shall specify a demonstrated need of the grant applicant for assistance in securing financial assistance for planning and design of a water supply capital improvement project.
- F. The Authority shall determine Planning and Design Assistance Grant awards based on the amount of funding available. If funding is limited, all eligible projects may not be funded. The Authority shall provide the Planning and Design Assistance Grant award recommendations to the Committee for review and approval at a public meeting. The Committee may adopt, modify or reject the Authority's recommendations in whole or in part.
- **G** Within 30 days after the adoption of the Planning and Design Assistance Grant awards at a public meeting, the Authority

- shall notify all grant applicants whether or not they received an award.
- H. An unsuccessful grant applicant may submit an appeal according to A.R.S. § 41-2704.
- I. The Authority and the grant applicant shall enter into a Planning and Design Assistance Grant Agreement that shall include at a minimum:
  - 1. A scope of work,
  - 2. The amount of the grant awarded,
  - 3. The amount of the local match required.
  - 4. A final project budget and timeline, and
  - 5. Reporting requirements.
- J. Project costs incurred prior to execution of a Planning and Design Assistance Grant Agreement shall not be eligible for grant funding.
- **K.** The Authority shall release grant proceeds subject to a disbursement request if the request is consistent with the Planning and Design Assistance Grant Agreement and the disbursement schedule.
  - 1. The grant recipient shall request each disbursement on the forms provided by the Authority. Each disbursement request shall include a certification and signature document, a cost-incurred report, and a DBE report. The Authority shall not process a disbursement until the applicant provides a completed disbursement form.
  - 2. The grant recipient shall include copies of invoices, canceled checks, or other documents that show proof of eligible costs incurred with each disbursement request.

## R18-15-506. Fundable Range for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Grants Repealed

- A. The Board shall adopt a Fundable Range for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Grants based on projects ranked on the Priority List. The Board shall not adopt a new Fundable Range for funding cycles in which funds are not adequate to assist any projects.
- **B.** The Authority shall prepare a draft and a final Fundable Range at the same time and in the same manner as the Priority List for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance in accordance with R18-15-504(D) and (E).
- C. The Board shall rank projects within the Fundable Range based on priority values obtained from the Priority List for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance and the year the applicant requires funding. The Fundable Range addressed by this Section is limited to systems serving fewer than 10,001 people.
- **D.** As a guide to award project technical assistance grants or consultant contributions, the Board may require applicants to contribute to fund total project costs as follows, based on ability to contribute:
  - 1. 25% contribution towards total project costs if the project received 70 or more points for Local Fiscal Capacity pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(4).
  - 2. 50% contribution towards total project costs if the project received fewer than 70 but at least 50 points for Local Fiscal Capacity pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(4).
  - 3. 75% contribution towards total project costs if the project received fewer 50 but at least 30 points for Local Fiscal Capacity pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(4).
  - 4. If the applicant receives fewer than 30 points for Local Fiscal Capacity pursuant to R18-15-505(A)(4), the applicant may still be eligible for a project technical assistance loan under R18-15-507.
  - 5. An applicant's contribution can include cash contributions, in-kind contributions, and contributions financed by loans or debt from any source including a loan from the Authority. The Board may waive or modify the applicant's contribution for total project costs if the Board determines, at a public meeting, that the applicant is unable to fund the contribution in accordance with this subsection.
- E. The Board shall make additions to the Fundable Range if each of the following conditions are met:
  - 1. The project is on the Priority List for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance,
  - 2. Funds are available to cover the cost of the project and to honor funding commitments made to other projects, and
  - 3. The additions are made by the Board at a public meeting.
- F. After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board shall remove a project from the Fundable Range under one or more of the following circumstances:
  - 1. The project has been removed from the Priority List for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance,
  - 2. The project has received all technical assistance requested by the applicant, or
  - 3. The applicant fails to proceed with the project.

# R18-15-507. Fundable Range for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Loans Repealed

- A. The Board shall adopt a Fundable Range for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Loans based on projects ranked on the Priority List. The Board shall not adopt a new Fundable Range for funding cycles in which funds are not adequate to assist any projects.
- **B.** The Authority shall prepare a draft and a final Fundable Range at the same time and in the same manner as the Priority List for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance in accordance with R18-15-504(D) and (E).
- C. The Authority shall rank projects within the Fundable Range based on priority values obtained from the Priority List for

Clean Water Project Technical Assistance and the year the applicant requires funding.

- **D.** The Authority shall only provide project technical assistance loans to applicants eligible under this Section.
- E. The Board shall make additions to the Fundable Range if each of the following conditions are met:
  - 1. The project is on the Priority List for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance,
  - 2. Funds are available to cover the cost of the project and to honor funding commitments made to other projects, and
  - 3. The additions are made by the Board at a public meeting.
- F. After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board shall remove a project from the Fundable Range under one or more of the following circumstances:
  - 1. The project has been removed from the Priority List for Clean Water Project Technical Assistance,
  - 2. The project has received all technical assistance requested by the applicant, or
  - 3. The applicant fails to proceed with the project.

# R18-15-508. Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List Repealed

- A: The Board shall adopt a Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List for the funding cycle described in the Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan. The Board shall not adopt a list for a funding cycle in which funds are not adequate to assist any projects.
- **B.** If a Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List is required under subsection (A), the Authority shall rank the projects by priority points and the year the applicant requests project technical assistance.
- C. An applicant seeking placement on the Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List shall make a request for placement of one or more proposed projects on or before a date specified by the Authority. If requesting placement on the Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List, an applicant shall submit an application specified by the Board.
- **D.** The Authority shall prepare a draft Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List and shall hold at least one public meeting to receive comments on the list and make copies of the draft list available to the public at least seven days before the meeting date.
- E. The Authority shall consider all comments given orally at the public meeting or submitted in writing before the close of the written comment period. The Authority shall establish a written comment period and shall publish the date upon which the comment period closes in the meeting notice. After the Authority summarizes the comments received and prepares responses, the Board shall adopt the final Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List.
- F. Throughout the funding cycle, the Board shall make additions after the adoption of the final Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List if both of the following conditions are met:
  - 1. The project scores a minimum of 50 points pursuant to R18 15 509(A)(1), and
  - 2. The additions are made at a public meeting of the Board.
- G. After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board may make modifications to the Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List based on changes to the existing conditions under R18-15-509(A)(1).
- H. After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting of the Board, the Board shall remove a project from the Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List under one or more of the following circumstances:
  - 1. The applicant has completed the technical assistance project,
  - 2. The project is no longer an eligible project,
  - The applicant requests removal, or
  - 4. The applicant is no longer an eligible applicant.
- In the Authority shall provide project technical assistance to eligible applicants for proposed projects in priority order according to the Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List developed under this Section. If the Authority determines that an applicant will not be able to proceed with a project, the Board shall bypass that project. The Authority shall provide written notice to the applicant that the project has been bypassed. The Authority shall replace the bypassed project with the next project on the Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List in rank order that is ready to accept technical assistance.

### R18-15-509. Priority List Ranking Criteria for Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Repealed

A. The Authority, through its Board, shall rank projects using priority values obtained from the following formula:

PV = EC + PB + LFC, where:

PV - Priority Value

**EC** - Existing Conditions

PB = Project Benefits

LFC - Local Fiscal Capacity

1. Existing Conditions (EC) -- The Authority shall award EC points up to a maximum of 200 points using the following formula:

EC = CC + PYF, where:

CC - Current Conditions

PYF = Prior Year Funding

- a. Current Conditions (CC) -- The Authority shall award CC points up to a maximum of 100 points as follows:
  - i. 100 points if the applicant's system is at or above the 80th percentile of the community water systems on the Department's Master Priority List.
  - ii. 80 points if the applicant's system is at or above the 60th percentile but less than the 80th percentile of the community water systems on the Department's Master Priority List.
  - iii. 60 points if the applicant's system is at or above the 40th percentile but less than the 60th percentile of the community water systems on the Department's Master Priority List.
  - iv. 40 points if the applicant's system is at or above the 20th percentile but less than the 40th percentile of the community water systems on the Department's Master Priority List.
  - v. 20 points if the applicant's system is less than the 20th percentile of the community water systems on the Department's Master Priority List.
  - vi. 0 points if the applicant's system is not listed on the Department's Master Priority List.
- b. Prior Year Funding (PYF) -- The Authority shall award PYF points up to a maximum of 100 points with only 1 set of points awarded as follows:
  - i. 100 points if the applicant requests project technical assistance to design a project that received pre design project technical assistance from the Authority in a previous funding cycle.
  - ii. 50 points if the applicant requests additional technical assistance to offset actual costs or justified overruns.
- 2. Project Benefits (PB) The Authority shall award PB points up to a maximum of 200 as follows:
  - a. For requests for pre-design project technical assistance, the Authority shall award points as follows:
    - i. 200 points if the project receives a combined score of 160 to 200 points for Current Conditions under R18-15-509(A)(1) and Local Fiscal Capacity under R18-15-509(A)(3).
    - ii. 150 points if the project receives a combined score of 120 to 159 points for Current Conditions under to R18-15-509(A)(1) and Local Fiscal Capacity under R18-15-509(A)(3).
    - iii. 100 points if the project receives a combined score of 80 to 119 points for Current Conditions under R18 15-509(A)(1) and Local Fiscal Capacity under R18-15-509(A)(3).
    - iv. 50 points if the project receives a combined score of 40 to 79 points for Current Conditions under R18-15-509(A)(1) and Local Fiscal Capacity under R18-15-509(A)(3).
    - v. 0 points if the project receives a combined score of fewer than 40 points for Current Conditions under R18-15-509(A)(1) and Local Fiscal Capacity under R18-15-509(A)(3).
  - b. For requests for design project technical assistance, the Authority shall award points as follows:

PB = WSI + CR, where:

WSI - Water System Improvement

**CR = Consolidation & Regionalization** 

- i. Water System Improvement (WSI) -- The Authority shall award WSI points up to a maximum of 150 points from the following categories:
  - (1) A maximum of 100 points if the applicant's proposed project address deficiencies identified by the Department on the Department's Master Priority List.
  - (2) 25 points if the applicant submitted a complete Capacity Development Plan to the Department.
  - (3) 25 points if the proposed project includes installation of meters.
- ii. Consolidation & Regionalization (CR) -- The Authority shall award CR points up to a maximum of 50 points as follows:
  - (1) 20 points if the applicant is consolidating the physical facilities of existing multiple facilities.
  - (2) 20 points if the applicant is extending service to existing areas currently served by another facility.
  - (3) 5 points if the applicant is consolidating the operations of existing multiple facilities.
  - (4) 5 points if the applicant is consolidating the ownership of existing multiple facilities.
- 3. Local Fiscal Capacity (LFC) -- The Authority shall award LFC points up to a maximum of 100 points using the following formula:

LFC = MHI + UF + I, where:

LFC - Local Fiscal Capacity

MHI - Median Household Income

UF = User Fees

I - Indebtedness

- a. Median Household Income (MHI) The Authority shall divide the MHI from the area served by the applicant by the state's MHI (Service Area MHI/State MHI) to award points as follows:
  - i. 40 points if the area's MHI is less than 40% of the State's MHI.
  - ii. 30 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 40% but less than 60% of the State's MHI.
  - iii. 20 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 60% but less than 80% of the State's MHI.
  - iv. 10 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 80% but less than 100% of the State's MHI.
  - v. 0 points if the area's MHI is greater than or equal to 100% of the State's MHI.

- b. User Fees (UF) -- The Authority shall divide the applicant's proposed residential user fees, rates, and charges by the service area's MHI (Proposed User Fees, Rates and Charges/Area MHI) to award points as follows:
  - i. 30 points if the rates are more than 1.5% of the area's MHI.
  - ii. 15 points if the rates are from 1% to 1.5% of the area's MHI.
  - iii. 0 points if the rates are less than 1% of the area's MHI.
- e. Indebtedness (I)—The Authority shall divide existing indebtedness and proposed indebtedness by the number of users (Indebtedness/Number of Users) and divide the result by the service area's MHI to award points as follows:
  - i. 30 points if the existing and proposed indebtedness is more than 1% of the area's MHI.
  - ii. 15 points if the existing and proposed indebtedness is from .5% to 1% of the area's MHI.
  - iii. 0 points if the existing and proposed indebtedness is less than .5% of the area's MHI.
- d. The Authority may use the most recent United States census data to determine the applicant's and the state's median household income. If the Authority or the applicant determines that this data is insufficient, the applicant shall use a reliable and impartial entity to conduct an income survey of the applicant's service area. If the applicant's service area is included in more than one income area, the Authority shall use an average of income areas to define the service area's median household income.
- **B.** The Authority shall rank tied scores by placing the project with the highest Local Fiscal Capacity points under R18-15-509(A)(3) above all other tied projects.

# R18-15-510. Fundable Range for Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Grants Repealed

- A. The Board shall adopt a Fundable Range for Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Grants based on projects ranked on the Priority List. The Board shall not adopt a new Fundable Range for funding cycles in which funds are not adequate to assist any projects.
- **B.** The Authority shall prepare a draft and a final Fundable Range at the same time and in the same manner as the Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List in accordance with R18-15-508(D) and (E).
- C. The Authority shall rank projects within the Fundable Range based on priority values obtained from the Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List and the year the applicant requires funding. The Fundable Range addressed by the section shall be limited to systems fewer than 10,001 people.
- **D.** As a guide to award project technical assistance grants or consultant contributions, the Board may require applicants to contribute to fund total project costs as follows, based on ability to contribute:
  - 1. 25% contribution towards total project costs if the project received 70 or more points for Local Fiscal Capacity under R18-15-509(A)(3).
  - 2. 50% contribution towards total project costs if the project received fewer than 70 but at least 50 points for Local Fiscal Capacity under R18-15-509(A)(3).
  - 3. 75% contribution towards total project costs if the project received fewer than 50 but at least 30 points for Local Fiseal Capacity under R18-15-509(A)(3).
  - 4. If the applicant receives fewer than 30 points for Local Fiscal Capacity pursuant to R18-15-509(A)(3), the applicant may still be eligible for a project technical assistance loan under R18-15-511.
  - 5. An applicant's contribution can include cash contributions, in-kind contributions, and contributions financed by loans or debt from any source including a loan from the Authority. The Board may waive or modify the applicant's contribution for total project costs if the Board determines, at a public meeting, that the applicant is unable to fund the contribution in accordance with this subsection.
- E. The Board shall make additions to the Fundable Range if each of the following conditions are met:
  - 1. The project is on the Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List,
  - 2. Funds are available to cover the cost of the project and to honor funding commitments made to other projects, and
  - 3. The additions are made by the Board at a public meeting.
- F. After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board shall remove a project from the Fundable Range under one or more of the following circumstances:
  - 1. The project has been removed from the Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List,
  - 2. The project has received all technical assistance requested by the applicant, or
  - 3. The applicant fails to proceed with the project.

### R18-15-511. Fundable Range for Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Loans Repealed

- A. The Board shall adopt a Fundable Range for Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Loans based on projects ranked on the Priority List. The Board shall not adopt a new Fundable Range for funding cycles in which funds are not adequate to assist any projects.
- **B.** The Authority shall prepare a draft and a final Fundable Range at the same time and in the same manner as the Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List in accordance with R18-15-508(D) and (E).
- C. The Authority shall rank projects within the Fundable Range based on priority values obtained from the Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List and the year the applicant requires funding.

- **D.** The Authority shall provide only project technical assistance loans to applicants eligible under this Section.
- E. The Board shall make additions to the Fundable Range if each of the following conditions are met:
  - 1. The project is on the Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List,
  - 2. Funds are available to cover the cost of the project and to honor funding commitments made to other projects, and
  - 3. The additions are made by the Board at a public meeting.
- F. After an opportunity for public comment at a public meeting, the Board shall remove a project from the Fundable Range under one or more of the following circumstances:
  - 1. The project has been removed from the Drinking Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List,
  - 2. The project has received all technical assistance requested by the applicant, or
  - 3. The applicant fails to proceed with the project.

# ARTICLE 6. HARDSHIP GRANT FUND PROGRAM

## R18-15-601. Types of Assistance Available Hardship Grant Fund Administration

- A. The Authority may provide hardship grants for any of the following purposes:
  - 1. In accordance with A.R.S. § 49-1267(D)(1), financial assistance in the form of grants to political subdivisions and Indian tribes to design, plan, acquire, construct, or improve wastewater collection and treatment facilities.
  - 2. In accordance with A.R.S. § 49-1267(D)(2), technical assistance related to the operation and maintenance of wastewater systems.
- **B.** The Authority shall describe projects and proposed assistance in the Clean Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan developed under R18-15-203 or in the Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan developed under R18-15-501.
- A. The Authority shall establish a separate account or accounts for the Hardship Grant Fund Program from any monies received according to A.R.S. § 49-1267(A). The Authority shall only use the monies from the Hardship Grant Fund Program for:
  - 1. Providing hardship grants to political subdivisions or Indian tribes to plan, design, acquire, construct or improve wastewater collection and treatment facilities; and
  - 2. Providing training related to operation and maintenance of wastewater systems.
- B. The Authority shall identify any funding available for financial assistance under the Hardship Grant Fund Program in the annual Clean Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan described in R18-15-202 and any funding available for technical assistance in the Clean Water Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan described in R18-15-502. If the Board determines no funding is available for the Hardship Grant Fund Program, the Authority shall not evaluate any applications for financial assistance or grant applications for technical assistance for funding from the Hardship Grant Fund Program.

# R18-15-602. Eligibility Requirements for Hardship Grant Fund Financial Assistance

- A. To be eligible to receive financial assistance an applicant shall propose a project to design, plan, acquire, construct, or improve wastewater collection and treatment facilities owned by political subdivisions or Indian tribes.
- B. An applicant eligible under subsection (A) shall also meet all of the following requirements before receiving financial assistance:
  - 1. The applicant has applied for financial assistance in accordance with R18-15-102(A), (B), and (E).
  - 2. The project is on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Priority List developed under Article 2 of this Chapter or the project is on the Clean Water Project Technical Assistance Priority List developed under Article 5 of this Chapter.
  - 3. The applicant is a community in a rural area.
  - 4. The applicant is a community of more than a single household but no more than 3,000 persons as measured by the most recent United States decennial census.
  - 5. The applicant is a community that lacks centralized wastewater treatment or collection systems or needs improvements to wastewater treatment systems.
- A. If funding is available in the Hardship Grant Fund Program, the Authority shall determine if any of the applicants requesting placement on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List meet the requirements according to A.R.S. § 49-1268(A)(2). In addition to meeting the requirements of A.R.S. § 49-1268(A)(2), the applicant shall meet the following:
  - 1. On the date the applicant applies for financial assistance, the per capita annual income of the community's residents does not exceed 80% of national per capita income.
  - 2. On the date the applicant applies for financial assistance, the community's local unemployment rate exceeds by one percentage point or more the most recently reported average yearly national unemployment rate.
- B. The Authority shall make the determination of applicant's eligibility to the Hardship Grant Fund Program during the ranking of the project under R18-15-204. Of the applicants eligible to receive financial assistance from the Hardship Grant Fund Program, the Authority shall award the hardship grant monies based on an applicant's financial capability and ability to generate sufficient revenues to pay for debt service.
- C. The Authority shall proceed according to Article 2 for any applicant meeting the eligibility requirements for the Hardship Grant Fund Program. In addition to proceeding under R18-15-207, the Authority shall identify any applicant that qualifies for Hardship Grant Fund Program financial assistance and shall make a recommendation to the Board regarding the

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amount of funding to provide the applicant from the Hardship Grant Fund Program.

## R18-15-603. Hardship Grant Financial Fund Technical Assistance Awards

- A. The Board shall award financial or technical assistance to eligible applicants for proposed projects in priority order according to the priority lists developed under Articles 2 and 5 of this Chapter. If the Authority determines that an eligible applicant will not be able to proceed with a project, the Board shall bypass that project. The Authority shall provide written notice to the applicant that the project has been bypassed. The Authority shall replace the bypassed project with the next eligible applicant and eligible project pursuant to priority lists developed under Articles 2 and 5 of this Chapter.
- **B.** The Board shall award financial or technical assistance to eligible applicants based on the Local Fiscal Capacity points assigned to an applicant under R18 15 205(A)(3) or R18 15 505(A)(4) and an applicant's ability to generate sufficient revenues to pay debt service.
- A. If funding is available in the Hardship Grant Fund Program, the Authority shall identify in the Request for Grant Applications prepared according to A.R.S. § 41-2702(B) the amount of funding for technical assistance available from the Hardship Grant Fund Program.
- B. The Authority shall make the determination of grant applicant's eligibility to the Hardship Grant Fund Program during the ranking of the project under R18-15-503. Of the grant applicants eligible to receive technical assistance from the Hardship Grant Fund Program, the Authority shall award the hardship grant monies based on the financial capability of a grant applicant.
- C. The Authority shall proceed according to R18-15-503 for any grant applicant requesting assistance for operation and maintenance for a wastewater system. In addition to proceeding under R18-15-503(F), the Authority shall identify any grant applicant that qualifies for Hardship Grant Fund Program technical assistance and shall make a recommendation to the Board regarding the amount of funding to provide the grant applicant from the Hardship Grant Fund Program.

### ARTICLE 7. INTEREST RATE SETTING AND FORGIVABLE PRINCIPAL

#### R18-15-701. Interest Rate Setting and Forgivable Principal

- A. The Authority shall prescribe the rate of interest, including interest rates as low as 0% on Authority loans, bond purchase agreements, and linked deposit guarantees based on the <u>applicant's Local Fiscal Capacity local fiscal capacity points assigned to an applicant</u> under R18-15-205(A)(3) R18-15-204(A)(6), or R18-15-305(A)(3) R18-15-304(A)(6), or R18-15-404(A)(5), and an applicant's ability to generate sufficient revenues to pay debt service.
- **B.** The Authority may forgive principal on Authority loans, bond purchase agreements, and linked deposit guarantees made to local units of government to plan, acquire, construct, or improve drinking water facilities.
- C. In accordance with subsection (B) of this Section, the Authority may forgive principal based on the <u>applicant's Local Fiseal Capacity local fiscal capacity points assigned to an applicant</u> under R18-15-305(A)(3) R18-15-304(A)(6), and an applicant's ability to generate sufficient revenues to pay debt service.